

TROY CASE FOR CONGRESS

FIGHT FOR REDRESS FROM BRITAIN

The case of Miss Lillian Scott Troy, the American citizen, who was deported from England after 11 years' residence here, is to be brought before Congress.

Mr. Julius Kahn, chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs, has offered to introduce a Bill demanding an official investigation, and Miss Troy will seek to have read into the Congressional Record several interesting documents.

These (says the New York "Evening Journal") will include an English book, published in 1909, when a serious immigration controversy arose between Japan and the United States. The book, Miss Troy says, was an official anti-American propaganda book issued by England, and for criticism of it Miss Troy incurred the animosity of the British Government.

Discussing the Bill, which Representative Kahn has consented to introduce, Miss Troy said she did not seek to secure re-entrance to England, but wished redress from the British Government.

Reproduced for educational purposes only. Fair Use relied upon.

TRANSCRIPTION

TROY CASE FOR CONGRESS

FIGHT FOR REDRESS FROM BRITAIN

The case of Miss Lillian Scott Troy, the American citizen, who was deported from England after 11 years' residence here, is to be brought before Congress.

Mr. Julius Kahn, chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs, has offered to introduce a Bill demanding an official investigation, and Miss Troy will seek to have read into the Congressional Record several interesting documents.

These (says the New York "Evening Journal") will include an English book, published in 1909, when a serious immigration controversy arose between Japan and the United States. The book, Miss Troy says, was an official anti-American propaganda book issue by England, and for criticism of it Miss Troy incurred the animosity of the British Government.

Discussing the Bill, which Representative Kahn has consented to introduce, Miss Troy said she did not seek to secure re-entrance to England, but wished redress from the British Government.

ST. ALBANS' GREAT CHANCE

"Prospects Excellent" Says Labour Candidate

POLLING TO-DAY

J. W. BROWN Labour Minor Grey Liberal Lieut.-Col. Fremantle Coalition

From Our Special Correspondent ST. ALBANS, Tuesday.—The fight is drawing to a close, for polling takes place to-morrow. The candidates to-day had a last look round the constituency before their respective campaigns. The Labour "star" to-day was Mr. Brown, and the Coalition "star" was Lieut. Col. Fremantle.

Mr. Brown's prospects are excellent, said Mr. Brown this afternoon. It all depends on you. You see, some of our people have very long distances to go to the poll.

I was told at Labour's headquarters to-day by Mr. Peadar, who has been busy on arithmetic based on returns: "If we can poll 4,000 votes at St. Albans, we are in."

There have been brought in by several enthusiasts from far afield, some of whom are Mr. George, of Peterborough, arrived in one this morning, but unless more cars are forthcoming there is a danger of a number of workers being unable to reach their votes. Some have to walk three or four miles to a polling booth, and only the man or woman who is a great enthusiast will do that after a hard day's work.

To-day a telegram was received from J. H. Thomas, M.P., on behalf of the N.U.R., urging voters to vote for the Labour candidate.

Messages have also been received from the Watford Labour Party and the Somerset Agricultural Workers' Union, whilst several anonymous people have sent sums of money in support of Brown's candidature.

Brown, it is safe to say, will take most of the votes recorded by ex-Servicemen. His straightforward and definite policy have appealed to them, as is evident from the reception they have given him at his meetings.

As some of the "whites" where workers are engaged, Brown has been told: "You need no longer to talk to us. We are all with you, and he has been spread away with cheers."

One of Brown's last-minute leaflets has the title "The Three Roads," and the Labour road is described in it as leading to revolution, "the middle road" to a "Socialist State," and the Coalition road is quoted as saying "State Socialism would be the worst form of tyranny."

"We don't advocate State Socialism as commonly understood," says Brown. "We want for democratic control—an altogether different thing."

TO SUPPORT LABOUR BROMLEY LIBERALS' DECISION From Our Own Correspondent F. P. HOBBS

Col. James Coalition Polling to-morrow.—A development at the bye-election was the decision of Alderman Gillett, a local Liberal leader, to support the Labour candidate, who is fighting at the full Labour programme and its ideals.

Mr. Robinson (Labour Agent) at the Labour headquarters, opened to-day, said that he considers that this means the support of the Liberal.

Mr. Gillett is also taking an active part in the women's campaign. She is vice-chairman of the Bromley Women's Citizens' Association, who are meeting to-night at 7 o'clock.

A telegram was received to-day from Mr. J. H. Thomas, M.P., urging all classes of the community to support the Labour nominee and wishing him success.

GOLD FROM SOVIETS

INFORMATION "NOT COMPLETE"

Questions in the House of Commons yesterday relating to points of interest elicited the following replies: "Yah! Bolsheviks!" (Mr. Gratton Doyle).—The Home Secretary is aware that there are certain persons who are carrying on a revolutionary propaganda in this country with the object of abolishing parliamentary government and setting up tyrannical government on the lines of the Russian Soviet. Some of these persons make no secret of their activities. Some of the propaganda are of foreign origin. In one case money was known to have been brought from abroad; in other cases it was suspected; but the amount was probably not large. The Home Secretary's information as to British subscribers is not sufficient to enable him to allow of him making it public.—Major Beid.

American and Peace Treaty (Lieut.-Col. Sir F. Hall).—It is not possible to discuss how the Peace Treaty will be affected by the United States refusing to join a party to the League of Nations, by means of question and answer. It is a complicated question, requiring careful investigation by skilled legal experts, and would take a long time to answer. Most previous inquiries on this subject for the present.—Mr. Bonar Law.

We Extra Sugar (By Mr. Donald).—I am not prepared to grant an extra half-pound sugar per week until after Christmas.—Mr. McCurdy.

Prospects for Russia (By Lieut.-Commander Bonar Law).—The Government is the general policy adopted by the Allies, passport are not at present issued from this country to Soviet Russia.—Sir Hamar Greenwood.

The Fate of the "Lionel" (By Lieut.-Commander Kenworthy).—A communication has been sent to the Estonian Government requesting them to take no drastic action with regard to General Vaughan's friends, pending the decision of the Allied Council.—Sir Hamar Greenwood.

Remains of Russian Prisoners of War (By Mr. Lunn).—The number of Russian prisoners of war in British hands is 100. They are interned at Whiteley Bay as hostages for the safety of British troops in Russia.—Mr. Churchill.

Permanent Ministry of Food (By Mr. Charles Bonar Law).—The Government has not yet come to a decision whether the Ministry of Food shall be constituted a permanent department.—Mr. Bonar Law.

Acquisition of Land Act (By Mr. Pritchman).—Authority has been given for the immediate appointment of three arbitrators under the Act.—Mr. Chamberlain.

COALOWNERS' PROFITS Our Parliamentary correspondent writes:—The Labour Party has not yet decided on its attitude towards the Bill for limiting the profits of coalowners to 15s. a ton. Some members of the party favour the Bill, but it should be opposed on the ground that Mr. Bruce in his recent speech that unrestricted private enterprise is not so bad as a hybrid system of limitation. The Bill, if passed, would limit the coalowners' profits with private enterprise tends to discourage efficiency. For it removes the incentive to the coalowner to improve his methods on a level with the most efficient. Should the Labour Party decide to oppose the Bill, the second Reading may be seriously menaced.

A GREAT "DIVIDE" SHARE OUT OF £18,000 On Saturday next at the Latvian Mission in Clarendon Street, the Latvian President's Society will distribute a record sum of over £18,000 among its 16,000 members.

The story of the growth of this society is a wonderful one. It began its operations in 1918, and during the past 28 years the expenditure on benefits has exceeded £75,000, while the annual distributions have averaged £2,000,000.

The committee and officers of this society have remained unchanged throughout its existence, except for vacancies caused by death or resignation. The society has been successful in winning place both himself and the cash in charge of the police on short-hand days.

It was stated that the prisoner had left his wife in 1910 and went to New Zealand, returning here with the Australian forces in 1917. He found that his wife had married another man, and he was subsequently being sentenced at that court to one day's imprisonment.

Afterwards he went through the form of marriage with Mrs. Burley, a war widow with eight children, who had to sacrifice a portion of her savings to her remarriage. He was found guilty of bigamy, and he had been divorced from his wife, and she found that this was not the case she gave him custody.

It was stated that he had started proceedings for a divorce, but Mrs. Burley was keeping the papers from him. Sentence was postponed until next session.

HUMAN GRAMOPHONE

Many Instruments Mingled in One Man's Voice

The interesting discovery of the dual-voiced singer at Leigh (writes a DAILY HERALD correspondent) is now eclipsed by the claims of a man at Teddington (Middlesex). Mr. Alexander B. Rawie, whom I saw at his home at Teddington yesterday, is more than a mere "dual vocalist." He is a whole orchestra in himself, for he not only sings and whistles simultaneously, but reproduces the tones of many musical instruments, as well as those of a pipe organ and a piano.

Mr. Rawie, who is both conductor and orchestra, is also the composer of several popular songs and hymns, and a poet and author of some ability.

In my presence, yesterday, he gave a demonstration of his remarkable gift. Amusing Performances Standing before an imaginary orchestra, with baton in hand, he rapped sharply on his music stand, and commenced an improvised symphony by whistling the introduction of the theme, gradually developing it, brass, string, and wood instruments all taking their allotted part, and all at one time or another playing audible and clear.

Mr. Rawie's range of repertoire is unlimited, Scotch and English ballads, hymns, chorals and carols, to the old favourite "Home, Sweet Home."

"CUTTING OF THE KNOT"

HUSBAND POINTS THE WAY OUT When Mrs. Dorothy Bowman-Vaughan petitioned in the Divorce Court yesterday for a decree of restitution of conjugal rights against her husband, Mr. E. W. Bowman-Vaughan, a diamond merchant of Stratford, a long letter written last May by the husband to his wife, was read.

In 1914 Mr. Vaughan joined the Army, and visited his wife on leave, the last time being in October, 1917. Then he went to France, and had not lived with her since.

The letter in question expressed the opinion that they could never live happily together again, and offered three solutions.

The first, the husband stated, was to return home, which would be unhappily for us both. The second way out was to go on living apart, which, Mr. Vaughan explained, "seems a pretty rotten state of affairs for you and for me."

The third, he wrote, "is a way out, and a cutting of the knot, and to my mind a road which will lead to happiness in the end for you. It is a very easy matter for you to divorce me."

An order for restitution to be obeyed within 14 days was made.

MEXICO-I.W.W. SCARE

GIVING AWAY BORDER STATES! Allegations of a Mexico-I.W.W. plot to cause revolution in the United States are contained in a memorandum submitted by Senator Frazier to the President.

These plans, it is declared, were obtained by a Foreign Relations Sub-Committee from the minutes of a meeting held at Mexico City on October 15. The I.W.W. is a very active organization, and its members are active agitators and members of the U.S. President's Cabinet, it is said, had knowledge of it.

The I.W.W. is a very active organization, and its members are active agitators and members of the U.S. President's Cabinet, it is said, had knowledge of it.

THE "AMERICA" CUP

SIR THOMAS LIPTON CONFIDENT From Our Own Correspondent

SOUTHAMPTON, Tuesday.—Sir Thomas Lipton has returned from America confident that the "America" will pull off the "America" Cup, when the race takes place at the end of June or early in July.

The Shamrock, he says, is in as good condition as when she left this country, and now lies alongside the Vanity, which will probably be her opponent. It is not decided, however, whether the Americans will race with the Vanity or the Resolute.

ARMY'S HUGE COST

PEACE ESTIMATES £405,000,000

A year after the Armistice, the Army Estimates for 1919-20 amount to the colossal sum of £405,000,000. These figures are based on a total strength of 952,000, made up as follows:— Army of the Rhine, 403,600. Home and Colonial establishments, 240,000. Army of the Middle East, 308,400.

But an additional trifle of 1,548,000 men described as "in course of demobilisation" brings the figure to an actual total of 2,500,000. The cost of the "standing army" is given as £268,534,000, and is sub-divided as follows:—

Rhine 176,600,000 Italy 22,032,000 Bulgaria, Turkey, Caucasus, etc. 69,850,000 Egypt and Palestine 13,240,000 Mesopotamia and Persia 32,850,000 Home and Colonial Forces (including Russia) 120,889,000

From this sum of £4,973,000 is deducted for receipts. Amongst miscellaneous items are £1,349,000 for educational establishments and £6,908,000 for the War Office and the staff of commands at home and in colonial garrisons.

LOAN TO NORTH RUSSIA

Items in a supplementary vote of £4,483,500 for miscellaneous war services of the Foreign Office are the following:— £120,000 for the British Military Mission to the Caucasus. £405,000 advanced to the Polish National Committee. £1,125,000 advanced to the Provisional Government of Northern Russia.

In regard to the last item, Sir Hamar Greenwood told Mr. J. M. Hogg, who asked for information in the House yesterday, that it was a loan for which any future Russian Government would be as much responsible as it would be for the numerous advances made to the old Russian Empire. He believed that Russia would recover, and that these debts would materialise.

The advance was made during the war as the result of an agreement between Great Britain, the United States, and France, and part was recoverable from our Allies.

DEGRADED THROUGH DRINK

PUBLIC SCHOOLBOY'S DOWNFALL A public schoolboy's downfall through drink was related at Bow-street yesterday when Ivor Franklin Thomas, 26, was charged, on remand, with stealing a banker's draft and other property, belonging to Robert A. Pollock, a brewer whom he travelled from Buenos Ayres, and with obtaining £10 by false pretences with intent to defraud.

Thomas pleaded guilty, and Mr. Jenkins, who appeared for him, said when his client and Mr. Pollock arrived from Buenos Ayres they went to the Midland Hotel, where they secured a room. Mr. Pollock's three portmanteaus, and, instead of returning with them, went to a hotel in Torrington-square. It was one of the cases he found a banker's draft. On this he obtained £10 from the landlord.

Mr. Jenkins said Thomas had been in an imberber home as few as two years, and volunteered to go again for two years. He had been educated at Clifton and Christ's College, Bristol, and had been admitted to a solicitor. He came from a highly respectable family.

The magistrate bound Thomas over in a sum of £50 to come up for judgment if called upon within two years, on the understanding that he went into a nursing home approved by the Court for that period.

CHEERS FOR BRIDE

MUCH interest was shown in the marriage of Miss Madge Saunders, the musical comedy actress, and Mr. Leslie Jones, the comedian, at St. George's, Hanover-square, yesterday.

The church was filled with theatrical people, and a large number were unable to gain admittance.

The bride, who was cheered as she drove up, wore a gown of white chamois, the court train of which was lined with maroon, and a sash of silver lace, round her hair; and a beautiful veil.

She carried a bouquet of lilies and white heather tied with mauve silk, and a small golden horseshoe. Her train was borne by Michael Melford, the three-year-old son of Mr and Mrs. Melford (Mrs. Jessie Winter).

ROMANTIC CAREER OF COALITION M.P.

Mr. Lyle-Samuel's Action for Alleged Libel

Mr. Alexander Lyle Samuel, Coalition M.P. for the Eye Division of Suffolk, was yesterday the plaintiff in an action for damages for alleged libel, the defendants being Mr. Frederick William French and Mr. Alfred Pretty.

Sir Edward Carson, K.C., M.P., who represented Mr. Lyle-Samuel, first called attention to a paragraph headed "Clean Candidate" in the issue of the "National News" of December 8, in which, after calling for investigation of the characters of candidates at the election then proceeding, the passage occurred:—

In this issue, acting as we do from a bona fide sense of public duty, we have through our right on the career of Mr. Lyle-Samuel, the Coalition candidate for the Eye Division.

The article took hold, Sir Edward said, of certain misfortunes, errors, and troubles which Mr. Lyle-Samuel had had as a very young man, and represented them, not in the light of the misfortunes of a man struggling under great difficulties to make his way, but as the fraudulent and cruel acts of a dishonest and disgraced man.

Sir Edward then traced at some length the career of the plaintiff, detailing his early struggle and trials. On January 10, 1912, his wife suddenly developed acute mania of a most violent and distressing character, and had to be removed, under the doctor's orders, to Northumberland House.

Mr. Lyle Samuel soon afterwards left on a business trip to America, but his mission did not succeed, and owing to his wife's illness he was unable to return. His wife was removed from Northumberland House to Colney Hatch. She died there on August 10, 1914.

In 1915 he met in America a Mrs. Lyle, the widow of a wealthy man, whom she had married in his old age. She had nursed her late husband for several years, and he had left her a considerable sum of money. Mr. Lyle Samuel married that lady on February 17, 1915, and soon after he paid off every debt he owed.

The Libel Coming to the libel, Sir Edward Carson said the headlines were:— Mr. Lyle-Samuel and the Eye Division Past record of a Coalition Candidate.

Then followed an "in Memoriam" notice reprinted from the "Morning Post" of August 10, 1915:— In affectionate memory of Eva Louisa Samuel, late of Northumberland House, Colney Hatch, who died on August 10, 1914.

The article continued the passage:— Behind that in Memoriam advertisement lurks an unhappy domestic tragedy, but what a tragedy! It is a tragedy which has not only died in the domestic lunatic asylum it is the tragedy of the outbreak of the election in the Eye Division.

Mr. Samuel's past history, and what it meant for him, is set out in the "National News" of August 10, 1915. It is a tragedy which has not only died in the domestic lunatic asylum it is the tragedy of the outbreak of the election in the Eye Division.

Mr. Samuel's past history, and what it meant for him, is set out in the "National News" of August 10, 1915. It is a tragedy which has not only died in the domestic lunatic asylum it is the tragedy of the outbreak of the election in the Eye Division.

Mr. Samuel Cross-examined Cross-examined by Mr. Patrick Hastings, K.C., plaintiff denied that all the debts he had incurred were repaid by money from either his first or second wife. He agreed that a man who was said to have lived all his life on his wife's money, or had gone on for extensive gambling with no means of paying if he lost, was not a proper person to represent a constituency.

Mr. Hastings: I suggest that you were all of these—Certainly not.

Replying to further questions, witness said his first wife was a lady from Antigua, who lived at a Baywater boarding-house when he met her. She had £3,200 of her own money, and he had a penny here or any profession on which to keep your wife?—No.

Were you leading your wife to think you were a man of reputable position?—I was of a highly reputable position.

Did you describe yourself on your marriage with your first wife as a member of the Middle Temple?—No.

Was that true?—No. Witness added in explanation that he believed at the time that it was true.

How did you get the money?—It was lent by a friend with whom I saw you in consultation this morning.

The hearing was adjourned.

THE POWER OF ADVICE The Railway Advisory Party: Might I not give the other direction? The Railway Executive Party: "You might!"

TROY CASE FOR CONGRESS

FIGHT FOR REDRESS FROM BRITAIN The case of Miss Lillian Scott Troy, the American citizen, who was deported from England after 11 years' residence here, is to be brought before Congress.

Mr. Julius Kahn, chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs, has offered to introduce a Bill demanding an official investigation, and Miss Troy will seek to have read into the Congressional Record several interesting facts.

These (says the New York "Evening Journal") will include an English book, published in 1907, when a serious immigration controversy arose between Japan and the United States. The book, Miss Troy says, was an official anti-American propaganda book issued by England, and for criticism of it Miss Troy incurred the animosity of the British Government.

Discussing the Bill, which Representative Kahn has offered to introduce, Miss Troy said she did not seek to secure re-entrance to England, but wished redress from the British Government.

BYNO GYLOPHOPHOS!

At Wyandmoor Peasering Committee Mr. J. Keall, chemist, of Putney, attended to answer a complaint made against him by Lieut. Hyde, of Roehampton, with regard to the use of the charge for Byno Gylolphos, but the complaint did not appear.

To-day's Weather Mild and less settled weather will spread gradually to all districts.