his men forward beyond the last piece of cover, and when the few men who had reached him were finally stopped by very heavy close-range fire (most of them being wounded), exposed himself time after time in re-organising them, and later in the afternoon in assisting in bringing under cover those who were helpless from their wounds. When night fell he was indefatigable in assisting to organise the defence of the line held.

This Officer has been brought to notice before for the excellence of his work since October, 1914.

Major George James Christie, 9th (The Dumbartonshire) Battalion, Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders), Territorial Force.

Showed conspicuous bravery in rallying his men near Wielzte on the 24th May, 1915, and leading about 50 of them up to the front line through the gas and heavy shell fire. It is understood that this Officer did excellent work on 10th May when attached to another Brigade, but owing to his Colonel being killed on that day his good work was not mentioned.

Captain Henry George Moreton Railston, 1st Battalion, The Rifle Brigade (The Prince Consort's Own).

For great gallantry at Hannebeck on 3rd May, 1915. He was in command of a section of the front trench 200 yards long. The trench and all the traverses were smashed with rapid fire. He held the trench with his men killed or wounded. Captain Railston was slightly wounded and had been buried by a shell, but he continued to defend the trench and displayed the greatest coolness throughout, keeping back the enemy with rapid fire. He held the trench with his small party for several hours until it was impossible to reinforce him, and when the question of retirement was mooted he refused to entertain the suggestion.


On the 13th May, 1915, East of Ypres, though wounded in two places in the head before dawn, refused to leave his company, and continued to command it with conspicuous ability. After the action was over and the Battalion returned to La Brigue he was found to be suffering from two other wounds in the body. He was then sent to hospital.

Captain William George Clarke, 4th (City of London) Battalion, The London Regiment (Royal Fusiliers), Territorial Force.

Near Ypres, on 27th May, 1915, while under very heavy shell and rifle fire he collected men of his own and other companies, gallantly led them forward and held the position he gained until ordered to retire after dark.


For conspicuous ability and coolness in leading his company and getting it into position under a heavy fire south of Farm Delangre on 9th May, 1915. He held on to his position for six hours, with heavy casualties, until nearly surrounded by the enemy, and then extricated the remnants of his company.

Captain Donald Whitley Egg, 24th (County of London) Battalion, The London Regiment (The Queen's), Territorial Force.

For conspicuous and continuous gallantry on the night of 25th-26th May, 1915, and following day at Givenchy, when, after taking part in an assault on a trench, he led repeated rushes with bombs into a German work, and when most of the bombers were killed continued the attack. His extraordinary bravery and disregard of danger enabled the dangerous flank he commanded to hold its own against constant assaults by the German bombers and riflemen. On the 26th May, when his line was enflamed by rifle and very heavy shell fire, his determination held his men to their ground until relieved four hours later. For seventeen hours his conduct was a brilliant example to the hard-pressed men around him, and more than anyone in the Battalion he contributed to the successful retention of the position won.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to confer the Military Cross on the undermentioned Officers and Warrant Officer in recognition of their gallantry and devotion to duty whilst serving with the Expeditionary Force:

Captain Ralph Leycester McCall, 2nd Battalion, The Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders.

At Hooge, on the 11th May, 1915, during a violent attack, his company and the company on his right were forced to evacuate their trenches owing to heavy shelling and gas.

Captain McCall, together with a junior Officer, rallied the men and made three counter attacks, driving the enemy out of the trenches at the point of the bayonet. He then, although wounded, successfully repulsed all further attacks.

During this period his left flank was entirely unprotected.

Captain Stewart Graham Menzies, D.S.O., 2nd Life Guards.

Near Ypres, on 13th May, 1915, after his Commanding Officer had been wounded, displayed conspicuous ability, coolness and resource in controlling the action of his regiment and rallying the men.

Captain Guy Franklin Reynolds, 9th (Queen's Royal) Lancers.

For splendid work on May 24th, 1915, near Hooge. When the Headquarters of the 9th Lancers were gassed he constantly brought reports from the trenches under very heavy fire, and helped to reorganise the defence of the left section. Also when the
His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Victoria Cross to No. 3026 Lance-Corporal Leonard James Keyworth, 24th (County of London) Battalion, The London Regiment (The Queen's), Territorial Force.

For most conspicuous bravery at Givenchy on the night of 25th-26th May, 1915.

After the successful assault on the German position by the 24th Battalion, London Regiment, efforts were made by that Unit to follow up their success by a bomb-attack, during the progress of which 58 men out of a total of 75 became casualties.

During this very fierce encounter Lance-Corporal Keyworth stood fully exposed for two hours on the top of the enemy's parapet, and threw about 150 bombs amongst the Germans, who were only a few yards away.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the appointment of the undermentioned Officers to be Companions of the Distinguished Service Order in recognition of their gallantry and devotion to duty whilst serving with the Expeditionary Force:

Captain Amyas Eden Borton, The Black Watch (Royal Highlanders), attached Royal Flying Corps.

Captain Anthony Marshall, 28th Light Cavalry, Indian Army, attached Royal Flying Corps.

When on flying reconnaissance over the neighbourhood of Staden on 7th June, 1915, Captain Borton was wounded in the head and neck by a bullet fired from a hostile aeroplane, and although suffering severely from loss of blood he continued, with the assistance of the Observer, Captain Marshall, to bandage his wounds and completed the reconnaissance on the prescribed course. His injuries are such that he is not yet out of danger.

Captain Marshall continued his observations after rendering all possible aid to the Pilot, who was gradually losing consciousness, notwithstanding that the German aeroplane was persistently attacking.

The valuable report supplied by this Officer is as detailed and complete for the last as it is for the first part of the reconnaissance.
Major George Harold Abseil Ing, 2nd Dragoon Guards (Queen's Bays).

At Ypres, on 13th May, 1915, when the line was broken beyond the right flank of his regiment, he came out of his trench in the front line, stood on the road in the open under heavy shell fire, stopped the retirement of 40 men of another unit, and turned them into his section of the defence. The good results of this gallant action were far reaching.

Major Philip Granville Mason, 3rd (Prince of Wales's) Dragoon Guards.

Whilst in command of Hooge Fort and the adjoining trenches, showed conspicuous gallantry and ability in holding the village and defence line allotted to him, notwithstanding a terrific bombardment for several hours every day from 30th May, till 2nd June, 1915, in which practically all his trenches and dug-outs were blown in.

Captain John Grey Porter, 9th (Queen's Royal) Lancers.

On May 10th, 1915, when a very heavy attack was made on the front line near Hooge, Captain Porter went up to the infantry line there and brought back very valuable information regarding the situation. On the 15th May he rendered the greatest possible assistance in taking messages under terrific shell fire to various parts of the line and reporting on various local situations. He set an example of coolness and total disregard of danger that was beyond all praise. He has been twice wounded previously in this campaign.

Major Charles William Henry Crichton, 10th (Prince of Wales's Own Royal) Hussars.

Near Ypres on 13th May, 1915, showed conspicuous gallantry and ability in collecting and rallying men who were retiring under heavy shell fire through the 10th Hussars' position.

In our counter-attack he continued to direct operations, giving great encouragement to his men whilst he lay in the open under heavy shell fire with his leg shattered.

Major John Ross Colville, 55th Battery, Royal Field Artillery.

Commanded his battery with great gallantry during the operations 9th and 10th May, 1915, near Rouges Bancs, observing fire from an isolated tree close behind the trenches, which were being heavily shelled. This Officer has been previously brought to notice for valuable work at Neuve Chapelle when he observed fire from the ruined houses and sent excellent information for 36 hours under continuous shell and rifle fire.

Captain The Honourable Bertrand Joseph Russell (Reserve of Officers), 104th Battery, Royal Field Artillery.

On 9th May, 1915, near Rue Petillon (Fromelles) this Officer commanded a section in the trenches, greatly helping the infantry. He was heavily shelled all day, the parapet in front of one gun being destroyed. They kept on firing, however, and the success was greatly due to the courage displayed by Captain Russell, who was twice wounded early in the day.

Major William Frederick Maxwell, Royal Engineers (attached Lahore Divisional Signal Company).

Near Ypres, during the operations from 24th April to 4th May, 1915, he rendered excellent service when responsible for maintaining the signalling communications of the Division, under most trying circumstances. The work was very heavy, and he also had to direct the constant repair of lines cut by the continuous heavy fire.

This Officer has done consistently well throughout the campaign.

Major Edward Metcalfe Beall, 4th Battalion, The King's (Liverpool Regiment).

For excellent work throughout the operations near Ypres from 24th April to 4th May, 1915, especially during the attack on 27th April, when he was with the leading company in the front line. He returned to Battalion Headquarters for reinforcements and took them forward with him to the front line.

He was also conspicuous in the attack on 1st May.

Captain Singleton Bonner, 1st Battalion, The South Staffordshire Regiment.

For particularly good and gallant services rendered at Festubert from 16th to 18th May, 1915, when he showed a fine example in coolness, bravery and power of command.

Captain Edmund Rochfort Street, 3rd Battalion, The Sherwood Foresters (Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment).

For conspicuous good work under heavy fire between 13th and 16th May, 1915, near Le Touquet, and for going down a gassed mine to assist in the rescue of men.


For conspicuous gallantry displayed in rallying troops under heavy bomb and hand grenade fire, and for holding an advanced trench partly occupied by the enemy for four hours, until ordered to retire to a new line. He also impeded the enemy by building obstacles and entanglements in the trench down which the retirement took place.


During the heavy fighting and gassing east of Ypres, early on the morning of 24th May, 1915, he was sent forward to get in touch with the front line and to remain there, keeping his Brigadier-General informed of the progress of events. This he did with conspicuous success, continually travelling over fire-swept ground to establish communication.

Every Commanding Officer has brought his name to notice for the good work done on that day. His reports were valuable and always perfectly clear. He was wounded in the shoulder about midday, but continued to carry on his duties, not even waiting to have the wound dressed.

Captain John Patrick Michael Ingham, 4th Battalion, The Connaught Rangers.

On 26th April, 1915, in the action near Ypres, displayed great gallantry in leading
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his men forward beyond the last piece of cover, and when the few men who had reached him were finally stopped by very heavy close-range fire (most of them being wounded), exposed himself time after time in re-organising them, and later in the afternoon in assisting in bringing under cover those who were helpless from their wounds.

When night fell he was indefatigable in assisting to organise the defence of the line held.

This Officer has been brought to notice before for the excellence of his work since October, 1914.

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Showed conspicuous bravery in rallying his men near Wieltje on the 24th May, 1915, and leading about 50 of them up to the front line through the gas and heavy shell fire. It is understood that this Officer did excellent work on 10th May when attached to another Brigade, but owing to his Colonel being killed on that day his good work was not mentioned.

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For great gallantry at Hannebeck on 3rd May, 1915. He was in command of a section of the front trench 200 yards long. The trench and all the traverses were smashed with rapid fire. He held the trench with his small party for several hours until it was impossible to reinforce him, and when the question of retirement was mooted he refused to entertain the suggestion.


On the 13th May, 1915, East of Ypres, though wounded in two places in the head before dawn, refused to leave his company, and continued to command it with conspicuous ability. After the action was over and the Battalion returned to La Brique he was found to be suffering from two other wounds in the body. He was then sent to hospital.

Captain William George Clarke, 4th (City of London) Battalion, The London Regiment (Royal Fusiliers), Territorial Force.

Near Ypres, on 27th May, 1915, while under very heavy shell and rifle fire he collected men of his own and other companies, gallantly led them forward and held the position he gained until ordered to retire after dark.


For conspicuous ability and coolness in leading his company and getting it into position under a heavy fire south of Farm Delangre on 9th May, 1915. He held on to his position for six hours, with heavy casualties, until nearly surrounded by the enemy, and then extricated the remnants of his company.

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For conspicuous and continuous gallantry on the night of 25th-26th May, 1915, and following day at Givenchy, when, after taking part in an assault on a trench, he led repeated rushes with bombs into a German work, and when most of the bombers were killed continued the attack single-handed. His extraordinary bravery and disregard of danger enabled the dangerous flank he commanded to hold its own against constant assaults by the German bombers and riflemen. On the 26th May, when his line was enflamed by rifle and very heavy shell fire, his determination held his men to their ground until relieved four hours later. For seventeen hours his conduct was a brilliant example to the hard-pressed men around him, and more than anyone in the Battalion he contributed to the successful retention of the position won.

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During this period his left flank was entirely unprotected.

Captain Stewart Graham Menzies, D.S.O., 2nd Life Guards.

Near Ypres, on 13th May, 1915, after his Commanding Officer had been wounded, displayed conspicuous ability, coolness and resource in controlling the action of his regiment and rallying the men.

Captain Guy Franklin Reynolds, 9th (Queen's Royal) Lancers.

For splendid work on May 24th, 1915, near Hooge. When the Headquarters of the 9th Lancers were gassed he constantly brought reports from the trenches under very heavy fire, and helped to reorganise the defence of the left section. Also when the
enemy attempted to enter Louave Wood he was invaluable in helping to reorganise the defence.

He set the finest possible example of calmness, coolness and courage, although suffering from gas and twice slightly wounded.

Captain Edward Archibald Ruggles-Brise, Essex Yeomanry, Territorial Force.

For conspicuous gallantry and ability near Ypres on 13th May, 1915, when he held a position gained in a counter-attack, although entirely isolated, until ordered to withdraw at night.

He had only 50 men under his command.

Captain Charles Joseph Leicester Stanhope, 15th (The King's) Hussars.

For gallant conduct and skilful handling of his squadron near Hooge on 24th May, 1915, with most valuable result. His squadron having been badly gassed he took forward the remnants, together with stragglers he collected, and, on his own initiative, under very heavy shell fire, reinforced the front line.

He remained in action all day, and when the line on his left gave way he doubled back his flank with great skill and continued with the utmost gallantry to hold the position.

Lieutenant Vyvian Augustine Cairns Clery, 4th Signal Company, Royal Engineers.

For great gallantry in personally superintending the laying of the telephone lines every night over a large area of country which was continually shelled. It was due to his personal exertions and example during the period of 27th April to 3rd May, 1915, that the communications with the Brigade were kept up so well.

Lieutenant Leslie Stuart Clinton, 23rd (County of London) Battalion, The London Regiment (Blackheath and Woolwich), Territorial Force.

At Givenchy, on 25th and 26th May, 1915, showed extreme gallantry in working his machine guns under very heavy fire in the captured German trench. After being wounded in the leg he returned to the trench after the wound had been dressed, and carried out his gun himself when it was ordered to be withdrawn. In doing this he was again wounded.

Lieutenant Alexander Edward Drysdale, 47th Sikhs, Indian Army.

Near Ypres, on 26th April, 1915, showed conspicuous gallantry in the attack. When all senior Officers became casualties he continued to lead the regiment to within seventy yards of the enemy's trenches, and there held on. His conduct throughout the day and night was marked by great coolness and resource.

Lieutenant James Archibald Garton, North Somerset Yeomanry, Territorial Force.

Near Ypres, on 13th May, 1915, showed great coolness and daring. Held his position throughout the day notwithstanding that his trenches had been blown in, and inspired all ranks by his behaviour. After all senior officers were killed or wounded he assumed command of the Regiment, displaying great judgment and initiative throughout.

Temporary Lieutenant John Marchbank Gillispe, M.B., Royal Army Medical Corps.

On 24th and 25th May, 1915, at Ypres, he displayed conspicuous gallantry in ministering to the wounded under fire. He traversed the ground many times while under heavy shell and rifle fire, and dressed the wounded in the open. On the night of the 25th May he went up to a wood near Bellegarde Farm and searched for wounded men close up to the German trenches.

In every action his gallantry has been conspicuous.

Lieutenant George Stuart Henderson, 1st Battalion, The Manchester Regiment.

Near Ypres on 26th April, 1915, after his Company Commander had been wounded, he led his company up to within 70 yards of the enemy's trenches with great gallantry and determination, and held on through several hours of daylight, and finally established himself there. Throughout the operations he set a fine example, after most of the senior officers had become casualties.

Lieutenant William Murray Hutchison, 3rd (attached 1st) Battalion, The King's (Liverpool Regiment).

During the action on 16th May, 1915, near Rue du Bois, at 3 p.m., in response to calls for ammunition, he led a party of men across the open under a very heavy machine gun fire, and succeeded in getting through with most of his men. The last part of the journey had to be done on hands and knees.

On the 18th May he organised and conducted an attack and led the bombing party, and by his work forced the surrender of 200 Germans and caused 200 more to retreat, leaving their arms and equipment.

Lieutenant Noel Mackintosh Stuart Irwin, 2nd Battalion, The Essex Regiment.

On 2nd May, 1915, east of Ypres, when in reserve trenches with his company, realizing that the men in the front trenches were overcome by gas and were retiring, with great initiative and courage and under heavy fire, he at once advanced with his company and seized the front trenches before the Germans could occupy them, and drove back the enemy's attack.

On 13th May in the counter-attack he handled his company with great skill and determination.


For conspicuous gallantry near Ypres on 13th May, 1915. Was with Major Martin, and continued the action until the squadron was reduced to 13 men. Afterwards displayed great coolness in withdrawing to a flank and joining a cavalry brigade.

Lieutenant Kenneth Douglas Lorne Maclaine of Lochbuie, 15th (The King's) Hussars (Special Reserve).

Near Ypres, for good work in command of his squadron under trying circumstances,
on 13th May, 1915. For gallant and skilful leading of a patrol on 14th May, by which he gained information of great value. He volunteered to lead this patrol, and pushed forward by day, a mile in front of our line, and returned with a good report as to the actual line then held by the enemy.

For coolness, determination and skill in handling his squadron under difficult circumstances near Hooge on 24th May, 1915. He had been ordered up with his squadron to reinforce the left of another cavalry regiment, when the line north of the Menin Road gave way and the situation became critical. Lieutenant Maclaine showed great skill in taking up a new position facing north and west to meet the new situation; and maintained his position under most critical circumstances until relieved at 2.15 the next morning.

His action contributed greatly towards maintaining intact the line south of the road.

Temporary Lieutenant John Hart McNichol, M.B., Royal Army Medical Corps.

On the 24th and 25th May, 1915, at Ypres, with untiring energy and gallantry attended to wounded men under heavy rifle and shell fire, saving the lives of many men. On the night of 25th May he searched a wood near Bellegarde for the wounded, attended to them, and had them brought in. This wood was close up to the German trenches.

He has shown the greatest courage in attending to the wounded in action.

Lieutenant Desbrisay Blundell Mein, 55th Ceko's Rifles (Frontier Force), Indian Army

Near Ypres, during operations from 24th April to 4th May, 1915, he displayed the greatest ability and coolness in bringing up rations and ammunition for the regiment under heavy shell fire. When only two officers were left with the regiment he came up from behind and took part in the second attack on the 27th May.

He divided his time between assisting in the front line, where he was of the greatest help, and going back through Ypres under heavy shell fire to arrange for rations, etc. Lieutenant Austin Timaseus Miller, 1st Battalion, The Sherwood Foresters (Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment).

When, owing to high explosive shells falling for fourteen hours amongst the battalion, a retirement began, he immediately ran along the line under heavy fire, stopped the retirement, and by his coolness and personal example saved the situation.

Lieutenant Herbert Francis Otway, The Prince of Wales's Leinster Regiment (Royal Canadians), attached Army Cyclist Corps.

During the recent fighting to the east of Ypres in April and May, 1915, he showed conspicuous ability in making important reconnaissances under heavy shell fire. His reconnaissances were of the greatest value to the Divisional Commander at Potjeke, and were always carried out at considerable risk.

Lieutenant Orfeur Kilvington Parker, 2nd Battalion, The Northamptonshire Regiment.

On 9th May, 1915, during the operations near Rouges Bancs, with conspicuous gallantry he led his company to the assault under an extremely heavy enfilade fire, and when nearly all his company had become casualties he collected 20 men and seized a portion of the enemy's trench and held it for over three hours. He was driven out by the enemy and at once occupied a shell crater just outside the enemy's parapet, although heavily bombed, and held out till dark; when he got back with five men. Previous to the commencement of operations he had been sent back to Battalion Headquarters with a message were wounded and unable to get through. Lieutenant Tarleton had also been wounded and was suffering from the effects of gas, but volunteered to take back the message, and, as he was not fit to command his platoon owing to his wounds, his Company Commander allowed him to try. He managed to crawl back, though he was hit again on the way, and on arrival he was unable to speak owing to his wounds and exhaustion, but managed to deliver his message in writing.


For conspicuous gallantry and ability on 13th May, 1915, when in charge of a trench to the east of Ypres.

The troops on his right having been compelled to fall back owing to the destruction of their trench, Lieutenant Trevelyan with great skill reorganized the defence of his position and, although unsupported, succeeded in maintaining the safety of our line at a very critical time.

Lieutenant Nigel Kennedy Worthington, 3rd (Prince of Wales's) Dragoon Guards (Special Reserve).

Near Ypres, on the 12th May, 1915, showed great coolness and daring. He took over a new line of trenches just before dark, and to get round the line in daylight he had to cross several open and fire-swept zones. On 13th May, at great risk, he came back several times to report.

Second Lieutenant James Ball, 3rd Battalion, The Royal Fusiliers (City of London Regiment).

Did specially good work on 25th April, 1915, near Ypres, in holding on to the left trench, and occupying a portion of the trenches evacuated by other troops. He was the only officer left alive in his trench, and took effective command of the situation.
Second Lieutenant Alfred Cyril Curtis, Unattached List, Indian Army (attached 1st Battalion, The Bedfordshire Regiment).

Between 1st and 7th May, 1915, was in the trenches near "Hill 60," and was twice subjected to attacks by asphyxiating gas. After his senior Officer was wounded he took charge of the trenches and, in spite of sickness, held on to No. 47 trench, though the enemy got round his right flank and enfiladed him. He withstood all efforts of the enemy to work down the trench and bomb the garrison out, and organised frequent counter-attacks with hand grenades. No. 47 trench was also subjected to artillery fire from various directions, which caused considerable loss, and during the 6th May was cut off from the remainder of the line and unable to obtain rations or water. The casualties in this trench were very heavy, and the strain intense.


Displayed gallantry in taking up a load of explosives to Zonnebeke under a very heavy shell fire on the night of 25th-26th April, 1915, within 1,200 yards of the fire trenches.

Second Lieutenant Bernard Gibbs, 6th (attached 1st) Battalion, The Rifle Brigade (The Prince Consort's Own).

For the cool and capable way in which he commanded the Canadian Dressing Station and outbuildings while the Germans sapped within 40 yards of it. He opened enfilade fire on a considerable force attacking his left, bringing them to a standstill. Later he ran into the open and threw hand grenades at the German sapping party, compelling them to retire.


For leading reinforcements forward to the captured trench on 9th May, 1915, near Rouges Banes under heavy flanking rifle and machine gun fire. Only about 25 per cent. of his party reached their destination, the remainder being killed or wounded.

He was of the greatest assistance to his commanding officer in making good the captured position, using a captured German machine gun with great effect.

This officer was the last to retire when the enemy's trench had to be abandoned, and he kept up a continuous machine gun fire until the enemy were within a few yards from the position.

Second Lieutenant Henry Porter Wolseley Hutson, 59th Field Company, Royal Engineers.

At Ypres, on May 8th, 1915, for coolness and gallantry in reconnoitring a barricade across our fire trench (No. 40), and laying and firing a charge against it. The enemy were only 20 yards away behind a second barricade, and this officer was knocked down by a German bomb while assisting to lay the charge, but continued working. He has shown coolness under fire, and carried out dangerous work on many occasions during the winter trench warfare.

Temporary Second Lieutenant Arthur Ladenburg, Intelligence Corps.

Has carried out a series of reconnaissances of a highly dangerous nature, and succeeded in obtaining valuable information. On the night of 16th-17th June, 1915, and on several previous occasions he crawled out to the German wire entanglements in the neighbourhood of Touquet to listen to the enemy's conversation in order to locate the districts from which the various units were drawn. On these occasions he has had to lie out the greater part of the night, often under heavy fire.

Second Lieutenant Roger C. Leach, Reserve of Officers, attached 1st Battalion, The King's Own (Royal Lancaster Regiment).

On the 24th May, 1915, when the enemy captured the trenches of the regiment on the right of the Royal Lancaster Regiment, near Shell Trap Farm, north of Wieltejo, it was entirely due to the individual efforts of Second Lieutenant Leach and a few men that the enemy were prevented from working along their trench, and so making the retention of the remainder of the position possible. The position was a very difficult one, the enemy were in force, they appeared to have an unlimited supply of hand grenades, and this part of the trench was being heavily shelled and the parapet was breached in several places, exposing anyone passing to hostile fire from the German trench in front. In spite of these difficulties and the inevitable delay in collecting sufficient hand grenades, Second Lieutenant Leach, his Captain, and a few men succeeded in not only stopping the Germans, but in recapturing two traverses and capturing a German flag, which they had put up to mark their position.

Second Lieutenant Leach fought till midday, when he was badly wounded in the legs by a hand grenade.

This officer rendered invaluable service throughout the winter, especially during the underground fight in the mine gallery at Le Touquet.


Showed gallantry and ability on "Hill 60," near Ypres, on 6th May, 1915. Although wounded early in the attack, he commanded his platoon in the trenches (which had been vacated by the unit holding them in the morning) with great skill and coolness, and later took charge of the whole of his company after his Captain had been wounded.

It was largely due to him that a considerable length of trench, which had been occupied by the enemy, was gradually regained.

At Rue du Bois, on 9th May, 1915, he established flag communication under intense fire with our signallers on the German parapet, and did much gallant and invaluable work. His previous reconnaissances by night close to the German trenches were of the greatest assistance.

On the 8th and 9th May he loosened all the enemy’s wire in front of our trench.

Second Lieutenant John Neill, 1st Battalion, Princess Louise’s (Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders).

Has done continuous good work since 19th, December, 1914, and especially on the 11th, May, 1915, near Hooge, when his coolness and skill in the handling of his men were most marked. He also showed great gallantry in leading a counter-attack, in the course of which he was severely wounded. He got up and took forward about 100 men who were falling back in some disorder, at a very critical moment.

Second Lieutenant Wilfred Austin Salt, Special Reserve, attached 1st Battalion, The East Lancashire Regiment.

East of Ypres, on 9th May, 1915, he held his breastwork against bomb throwers in a very gallant way. Suddenly he found he was being enfiladed from Shell Trap Farm, into which the Germans were penetrating; he threw back half his men to face the farm, and over a traverse he fired at the enemy at the close range of 30 yards. He shot one German, and was then wounded in the head and had two other bullet holes through his cap. A German officer shouted to him to surrender, but for answer he shot him through the head.

Second Lieutenant Salt continued to command his post in spite of his wound until a lull in the attack, when he was ordered by his senior to hand over his command and go to the dressing station.

Second Lieutenant Henry Morrant Stanford, 32nd Battery, Royal Field Artillery.

For consistently gallant conduct both at Neuve Chapelle and again, on 9th May, 1915, during operations near Rouges Bancs, in keeping up communication by mending telephone wires under heavy fire. He has done excellent work as Observing Officer for the last six months, and the accuracy of the wire-cutting by the 32nd Battery, Royal Field Artillery, on 9th May was due to his precise observations.


At Ypres on 8th May, 1915. The Captain commanding “A” Company, 2nd Northumberland Fusiliers, was killed, and the whole of No. 4 Platoon killed or wounded, Second Lieutenant Watson, with the three remaining platoons of the company, continued to hold the trench, in spite of very heavy fire, both frontal and enfilade. Owing to the other three companies of the battalion being either casualties or captured, he retired his three platoons to the reserve line, but finding no room there returned to his original trench, and held it until relieved the following morning.

Assistant Surgeon Edwin Bunkall Messier, Indian Subordinate Medical Department.

For consistent good work, gallant conduct and devotion to duty when “X” Battery, Royal Horse Artillery, was in action on 9th and 10th May, 1915. He went under shell fire to assist the wounded and, although twice wounded, continued to perform his duties after having his wounds dressed.

With reference to the notification in the London Gazette of the 3rd June, 1915 (pages 5331 and 5332), the acts of gallantry and distinguished services at the Dardanelles for which the rewards of the Distinguished Service Order and the Military Cross respectively were granted by His Majesty the King, are as follows:

Companions of the Distinguished Service Order.


On the night of 25th-26th April, 1915, during operations near Gaba Tepe, for repeatedly exhibiting great gallantry and skill in the command of his battalion.

Lieutenant-Colonel Cyril Brudenell Bingham White, Royal Australian Garrison Artillery, Staff.

During the operations near Gaba Tepe on 25th April, 1915, and subsequently for his distinguished service in co-ordinating staff work, and in reorganisation after the inevitable dislocation and confusion arising from the first landing operations. He displayed exceptional ability.


On 26th April, 1915, at Sedd-el-Bahr, for brilliant and gallant leading of troops in the attack on the fort and town. Shown exceptional coolness and efficiency.

Major Charles Henry Brand, 3rd Infantry Brigade (Australian Forces).

On 25th April, 1915, during operations in the neighbourhood of Gaba Tepe, for conspicuous gallantry and ability in organising stragglers under heavy fire, and for organising and leading an attack resulting in the disablement of three of the enemy’s guns. Major Brand conveyed messages himself on many occasions under fire during emergencies.

Major James Samuel Denton, 11th Australian Infantry Battalion (West Australia).

During the operations in the neighbourhood of Gaba Tepe on the 26th April, 1915, for valuable services in obtaining and trans-
mitting information to ships' guns and mountain batteries, and subsequently for holding a trench, with about 20 men, for over six days, repulsing several determined attacks.

Major Herbert Hart, Wellington Battalion, 17th (Ruahine) Regiment, New Zealand Forces.

On 26th April, 1915, during operations near Gaba Tepe, for distinguished service in rallying men and digging into an important forward position in the face of an extremely severe fire. The country was wooded and difficult, and unreconnoitred, and his force was subject to constant surprise attacks.

Major James Heane, 4th Australian Infantry Battalion (New South Wales).

On 1st May, 1915, during the operations near Gaba Tepe, for displaying conspicuous gallantry in leading his company to the support of a small force which, in an isolated trench, was without means of reinforcement, replenishment, or retreat. He attained his object at a heavy sacrifice.

Major William Owen Mansbridge, 16th Australian Infantry Battalion.

On 25th April, 1915, during operations near Gaba Tepe, for exceptional gallantry and resource during the first assault, and again on the 2nd and 3rd May during an assault on a difficult position.

Major Eugene Joseph O'Neill, F.R.C.S., New Zealand Medical Corps.

On 25th and 26th April, 1915, during operations near Gaba Tepe, for exceptionally good service, and exhibiting initiative and resource in command of a bearer subdivision.

Major Robert Rankine, 14th Australian Infantry Battalion (Victoria).

On the night of 26th-27th April, 1915, during operations in the neighbourhood of Gaba Tepe, for gallantly leading his men into lighters, and then swimming ashore under heavy fire. He continued doing duty till nightfall, although wounded early in the day.

Major Frederick Waite, New Zealand Engineers, Territorial Force.

On the night of 2nd-3rd May, 1915, during operations in the neighbourhood of Gaba Tepe, for gallantly leading an assault resulting in the capture of a most important post, and subsequently for holding that position against repeated attacks for five days without relief.

Captain Edward William Atkinson, 1st Battalion, The Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers.

On 25th April, 1915, at Sedd-el-Bahr, for gallantly leading his company to the support of a small force which, in an isolated trench, was without means of reinforcement, replenishment, or retreat. He attained his object at a heavy sacrifice.

Captain Arthur Graham Butler, Australian Army Medical Corps (attached 5th Australian Infantry Battalion).

During operations in the neighbourhood of Gaba Tepe on 25th April, 1915, and subsequent dates, for conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty in attending wounded under heavy fire, continuously displaying courage of a high order.

Captain Arthur Cunliffe Bernard Critchley-Salmonson, The Royal Munster Fusiliers (attached New Zealand Forces).

During operations in the neighbourhood of Gaba Tepe on 25th April, 1915, for great gallantry and resource in command of a small party, and saving a difficult situation. Again, on the night of 2nd-3rd May, he successfully led a small party to an advanced trench under great difficulties.

Captain Guy Westland Geddes, 1st Battalion, The Royal Munster Fusiliers.

On 25th April, 1915, at Sedd-el-Bahr, for gallantly leading his men into lighters, and then swimming ashore under heavy fire. He continued doing duty till nightfall, although wounded early in the day.

Captain Richard Haworth, The Lancashire Fusiliers.

On April 25th, 1915, at Sedd-el-Bahr, for gallantly leading 50 men to the wire entanglements of a strongly held redoubt. Although wounded, he refused to be removed until more troops arrived, and continued to command with a bullet through his back.

Captain Cecil Ridings, 1st Battalion, The Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers.

On 28th April, 1915, during operations south of Krithia, for exceptionally gallant and capable leading under difficult conditions, maintaining a forward position in spite of heavy losses at a critical moment, although unsupported on either flank, and being himself severely wounded.

Lieutenant Henry Desmond O'Hara, 1st Battalion, The Royal Dublin Fusiliers.

On 25th April, 1915, at Sedd-el-Bahr, took command of his Battalion when all other officers had been killed or wounded. At night, when the enemy broke through the line, he displayed great initiative and resource in organising a successful counter-attack, restoring the line and causing great loss to the enemy.

Awarded the Military Cross.

Captain Herbert Charles Crozier, 1st Battalion, The Royal Dublin Fusiliers.

On 26th April, 1915, at Sedd-el-Bahr, for exceptional bravery in leading the way in the assault, encouraging the men by example. The success of the attack was largely due to him, and he was the first to lead when clearing the streets and houses.
SUPPLEMENT TO THE LONDON GAZETTE, 3 JULY, 1915. 6541

Captain Horace Augustus Kirby, Royal Artillery (26th Jacob's Mountain Battery).

On 25th April, 1915, during operations in the neighbourhood of Gaba Tepe, for exceptional gallantry in continuing to conduct the withdrawal of his battery from a forward position, although wounded in the head by a shrapnel shot. This he continued to do until he fainted from loss of blood. He voluntarily returned to duty the next day.

Captain Jasper Kenneth Gordon Magee, 4th Australian Infantry Battalion (New South Wales).

On 26th April, 1915, and subsequent dates, during operations in the neighbourhood of Gaba Tepe, for gallantry in leading his men, and exhibiting sound judgment and ability on several occasions, under a constant and harassing fire.


From 26th to 28th April, 1915, during landing operations, for conspicuous good work; and again on 1st May, during operations south of Krithia, for gallantly capturing trenches held by the enemy and retaining possession of them.

Captain Clifford Russell Richardson, 2nd Australian Infantry Battalion (New South Wales).

On 26th April, 1915, during operations near Gaba Tepe, for displaying great coolness and courage, and leading a charge against superior numbers under a heavy cross fire, resulting in the flight of the enemy in disorder.

Captain James William Albert Simpson, 13th Australian Infantry Battalion (New South Wales).

On 2nd May, 1915, during an attack in the neighbourhood of Gaba Tepe, for showing conspicuous bravery and skill in directing the battalion through unreconnoitred scrub. He was conspicuously active in consolidating the position gained under heavy fire.

Captain Jesse Alfred Wallingford, New Zealand Staff Corps.

On 25th and 26th April, 1915, during operations near Gaba Tepe, for exceptionally good services with the New Zealand Brigade machine-gun and sharpshooters, and for conspicuous coolness and resource on several critical occasions.


On 29th April, 1915, during operations south of Krithia, showed great gallantry in leading his platoon in two charges, and gave great encouragement to the troops in the advance.

Lieutenant Alfred Plumley Derham, 5th Australian Infantry Battalion (Victoria).

On 26th April, 1915, and subsequently during operations in the neighbourhood of Gaba Tepe, for acting with great bravery and ability, and continuing to do duty until 30th April, although shot through the thigh on 29th April.

Lieutenant Charles Fortescue, 9th Australian Infantry Battalion (Queensland).

From 25th to 29th April, 1915, during operations near Gaba Tepe, for conspicuous gallantry. He twice led charges against the enemy, and rendered good service in collecting reinforcements and organising stragglers.

Lieutenant Reginald George Legge, 13th Australian Infantry Battalion (New South Wales).

On 1st and 2nd May, 1915, during operations in the neighbourhood of Gaba Tepe, for conspicuous ability and courage in the successful handling of his machine-gun section. On several occasions he inflicted severe losses on the enemy, and was himself severely wounded in the neck.

Lieutenant Lionel Bassett Lipscombe Seckham, 1st Battalion, The Lancashire Fusiliers.

On 26th April, 1915, during the first landing operations at Cape Helles, for great gallantry in leading and continuing the attack when he himself was wounded and all but ten of his men killed or wounded.

Lieutenant Alfred John Shout, 1st Australian Infantry Battalion (New South Wales).

On 27th April, 1915, during operations near Gaba Tepe, for showing conspicuous courage and ability in organising and leading his men in a thick, bushy country, under very heavy fire. He frequently had to expose himself to locate the enemy, and led a bayonet charge at a critical moment.


On 28th April, 1915, during operations south of Krithia, for acting with great dash and gallantry during the attack on Krithia.

No. 8/1048 Serjeant-Major A. W. Porteous, 10th (North Otago) Regiment, New Zealand Forces.

On 26th April, 1915, during operations in the neighbourhood of Gaba Tepe, for gallantry in action, and again on the night of 2nd-3rd May, for exceptional bravery and devotion to duty. All the officers of his company being killed or wounded, he organised and led the company, continually exposing himself for four hours, and showing fine military spirit and powers of leadership.

No. 96 Serjeant-Major D. Smith, 5th Battalion, 2nd Australian Brigade.

On 8th May, 1915, during operations south of Krithia, for conspicuous gallantry and good services in rallying and leading men forward to the attack. Although wounded in both arms, he continued to direct his men, setting a valuable example of devotion to duty.
HIS MAJESTY THE KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal to the undermentioned Warrant Officers, Non-commissioned Officers and Men, for acts of gallantry and devotion to duty whilst serving with the Mediterranean Expeditionary Force at the Dardanelles.

These names were announced in the London Gazette of 3rd June, 1915, page 5332:—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11891</td>
<td>Private...</td>
<td>Allen, H...</td>
<td>4th Battalion, Worcestershire Regiment.</td>
<td>For conspicuous gallantry on 28th April, 1915, during the operations near Krithia, when he brought up ammunition to a machine-gun under heavy fire when it was critically needed. Private Allen's conduct was exceptionally meritorious.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Serjeant...</td>
<td>Anderson, A.</td>
<td>2nd Australian Infantry Battalion (New South Wales).</td>
<td>For conspicuous gallantry on 25th April, 1915, and subsequent dates, during the operations near Kaba Tepe, in assisting to re-organize small parties of various battalions under heavy fire, and placing them in the firing line.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>189</td>
<td>Serjeant...</td>
<td>Ayling, W...</td>
<td>11th Australian Infantry Battalion (West Australia).</td>
<td>On 25th April, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for gallantry in commanding his platoon after his officer had been wounded. When compelled to retire he carried the wounded Officer with him, and on obtaining reinforcements again led his platoon to the attack.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8206</td>
<td>Serjeant...</td>
<td>Bean, S. D..</td>
<td>2nd Battalion, The South Wales Borderers.</td>
<td>On 3rd May, 1915, during operations near Krithia, for courage and exceptional service in taking command of two companies when all the Officers had been killed or wounded, and maintaining the forward line under a heavy fire.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11045</td>
<td>Private...</td>
<td>Bidgood, S. G.</td>
<td>1st Battalion, The King's Own Scottish Borderers.</td>
<td>On the night 25th-26th April, 1915, during landing at Cape Helles, for exceptional gallantry in blocking the broken end of a trench and maintaining his position single handed within twenty yards of a Turkish machine-gun until daybreak, when he was severely wounded.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>695</td>
<td>Private...</td>
<td>Birrell, W. J.</td>
<td>C Company, 7th Battalion, 2nd Australian Brigade.</td>
<td>On 8th May, 1915, during operations near Krithia, for distinguished conduct in collecting and organizing men who had become detached, and leading them to a weak flank of the firing line.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>170</td>
<td>Lance-Corporal</td>
<td>Black, P...</td>
<td>16th Australian Infantry Battalion (South Australia, West Australia).</td>
<td>On the night of 2nd-3rd May, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for exceptional gallantry. After all his comrades in his machine-gun section had been killed or wounded, and although surrounded by the enemy, he fired all available ammunition and finally brought his gun out of action.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2551</td>
<td>Private...</td>
<td>Bruce, R...</td>
<td>1/8th Battalion (Queen's Edinburgh Rifles), The Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment), T.F.</td>
<td>On 2nd May, 1915, during operations near Krithia, for conspicuous bravery in volunteering to reconnoitre a wood which was held by the enemy whilst exposed to heavy fire. He brought back a valuable description of the enemy's position.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>997</td>
<td>Private...</td>
<td>Burnett, L. W.</td>
<td>Australian Army Medical Corps.</td>
<td>From 25th April to 6th May, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for exceptionally gallant work and devotion to duty under heavy fire.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>162</td>
<td>Serjeant...</td>
<td>Connell, W. A.</td>
<td>12th Australian Infantry Battalion (West Australia).</td>
<td>On 26th April, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for gallantry attacking an entrenched position and an enemy's machine gun.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1644</td>
<td>Private...</td>
<td>Cook, A...</td>
<td>Royal Army Medical Corps, T.F.</td>
<td>On 26th April, 1915, during landing operations at Cape Helles, for conspicuous bravery in attending wounded and supplying them with water under heavy fire.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Distinguished Conduct Medals—Continued.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>94</td>
<td>Staff Sergeant-Major</td>
<td>Corbett, M. E. E.</td>
<td>15th Australian Infantry Battalion (Queensland)</td>
<td>On 3rd May, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for exceptional gallantry in serving his machine-gun after he had been wounded, until it was put out of action, and again for rallying men and leading them to a second attack, retrieving a difficult situation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13927</td>
<td>Driver</td>
<td>Dean, G.</td>
<td>Australian Divisional Signal Company</td>
<td>On 8th May, 1915, during operations near Krithia, for distinguished gallantry. Was detailed to accompany four Officers to the firing line to lay telephone wire. Owing to the heavy fire only one Officer reached the position. Driver Dean kept up constant communication with Brigade Headquarters until 3 a.m. on 9th May, when the remaining Officer was wounded. Alone, he assisted this Officer back and attended other wounded men, but never neglected his duties on the telephone.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4827</td>
<td>Company Sergeant-Major</td>
<td>Dimsey, W.</td>
<td>1st Battalion, The Essex Regiment</td>
<td>On 28th and 29th April, 1915, during operations near Krithia, for exceptional gallantry and ability throughout the engagement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>325</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Farmer, A.</td>
<td>3rd Australian Infantry Battalion (New South Wales)</td>
<td>On 29th April, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for great bravery in removing wounded from the trenches to a dressing station over ground swept by machine-gun fire.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4833</td>
<td>Serjeant-Major</td>
<td>Felix, C.</td>
<td>4th Battalion, The Worcestershire Regiment</td>
<td>On 28th April, 1915, during operations near Krithia, for very exceptional and meritorious conduct on several occasions, rallying and re-forming broken groups and leading them into the firing line. He repeatedly brought up ammunition under heavy fire and exhibited marked coolness and bravery.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6128</td>
<td>Serjeant</td>
<td>Ferguson, S.</td>
<td>1st Battalion, The Royal Dublin Fusiliers</td>
<td>On 29th April, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for great bravery in removing wounded from the trenches to a dressing station over ground swept by machine-gun fire.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>851</td>
<td>Lance-Corporal</td>
<td>Francis, W.</td>
<td>13th Australian Infantry Battalion (New South Wales)</td>
<td>On 3rd May, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for most conspicuous bravery in removing wounded from the trenches to a dressing station over ground swept by machine-gun fire.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>764</td>
<td>Lance-Corporal</td>
<td>Freame, H. W.</td>
<td>1st Australian Infantry Battalion (New South Wales)</td>
<td>On 29th April, 1915, and subsequently during the operations near Kala Tepe, for displaying the utmost gallantry in taking water to the firing line although twice hit by snipers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>918</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Godfrey, F.</td>
<td>12th Australian Infantry Battalion (West Australia)</td>
<td>On 29th April, 1915, during operations near Kala Tepe, for exceptionally gallant conduct in personally capturing an enemy officer, and going out single-handed and shooting five enemy emperas.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Distinguished Conduct Medals—Continued.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Private ...</td>
<td>Grouchkowsky, M.</td>
<td>Zion Male Corps. (Recruited from refugee Jews from Jerusalem.)</td>
<td>On 5th May during operations near Krithia, for gallantry in delivering ammunition and food to the trenches. His mules stampeded under heavy fire, but, although wounded in both arms by shrapnel bullets, Private Grouchkowsky kept hold of the animals and delivered the ammunition.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1286</td>
<td>Bugler</td>
<td>Hall, D.</td>
<td>1/5th Battalion (Queen's Edinburgh Rifles), The Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment), T.F.</td>
<td>On 2nd May, 1915, during operations near Krithia, for exceptional gallantry. Volunteered to carry up ammunition under heavy fire, and succeeded in doing so. He was also engaged in carrying messages over exposed ground, in doing which he showed great daring and rendered valuable service. Eventually, while carrying a message to Brigade Headquarters, he was wounded, but proceeded and delivered it. He volunteered to carry back a reply, but was not permitted to do so.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4096</td>
<td>Serjeant-Major</td>
<td>Holdway, T.</td>
<td>2nd Battalion, The Hampshire Regiment</td>
<td>On 28th April, 1915, during operations near Krithia, for distinguished service and ability in organizing a line of defence and superintending ammunition supply. Exhibited great personal bravery.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private ...</td>
<td>Humberston, R.</td>
<td>3rd Australian Infantry Battalion (New South Wales)</td>
<td>On 25th April, 1915, and subsequently during operations near Kaba Tepe, for conspicuous coolness and bravery in volunteering on many occasions for dangerous missions and for judgment in carrying them out.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Staff-Serjeant</td>
<td>Jackson, H.</td>
<td>Australian Army Medical Corps</td>
<td>From 25th April until 5th May, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for exceptionally gallant work and devotion to duty under heavy fire.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corporal ...</td>
<td>Jones, J. W.</td>
<td>Royal Army Medical Corps (T.F.)</td>
<td>On 28th April, 1915, during lauding operations at Cape Helles, for conspicuous bravery in attending wounded and supplying them with water under heavy fire.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lance-Corporal</td>
<td>Kennedy, T.</td>
<td>1st Australian Infantry Battalion (New South Wales)</td>
<td>On 25th April, 1915, and subsequent dates, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for displaying the greatest coolness and pluck in running round under heavy fire and collecting stragglers, whom he formed, and led into the firing line. This he did time after time, with excellent results.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lance-Corporal</td>
<td>Kenyon, J.</td>
<td>9th Australian Infantry Battalion (Queensland)</td>
<td>On 25th April, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for conspicuous courage and initiative in returning from the firing line under heavy fire, collecting reinforcements, and assisting in fessing a successful bayonet charge to the top of a hill, which was eventually held against great odds.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private ...</td>
<td>Loftus, P.</td>
<td>1st Battalion, The Royal Munster Fusiliers</td>
<td>On 26th April, 1915, at Sedd-el-Bahr, for gallant conduct in volunteering to advance to a forward position under very heavy fire, where he established himself, thus enabling the attack to make headway when the position was captured.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>6066</td>
<td>Company - Sergeant-Major</td>
<td>Mage W.</td>
<td>1st Battalion, The Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers</td>
<td>On the night of 1st-2nd May, 1915, during the operations near Krithia, for taking charge of and holding a trench throughout the night, although exposed to enfilade fire. It was due to his bravery and vigilance that the enemy’s attack was repulsed. Again, on 2nd May, although wounded by shrapnel, he continued his work with the same courage and cheerfulness shown by him since the commencement of operations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99</td>
<td>Sapper</td>
<td>McKenzie, G. F.</td>
<td>3rd Field Company, Australian Engineers</td>
<td>On 4th May, 1915, during a landing and an attack on the enemy’s redoubt near Kaba Tepe, for conspicuous gallantry in rescuing a wounded sapper and carrying him back to the beach under heavy fire. Having pushed the boat off, he himself returned to the beach and was subsequently wounded.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>260</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Merrin, A. C. B.</td>
<td>5th Australian Infantry Battalion, 2nd Australian Brigade</td>
<td>On 29th April, 1915, and subsequently during operations on the Gallipoli Peninsula, for exhibiting on many occasions the greatest courage and coolness in carrying messages, helping wounded, and bringing up food and water under heavy fire.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9600</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Millward, T.</td>
<td>2nd Battalion, The South Wales Borderers</td>
<td>From 25th until 29th April, 1915, during operations near Krithia, for conspicuous gallantry in going in advance of the line and bringing in a wounded comrade, whom he placed in safety, and then immediately rejoining the firing line. He also disposed of four enemy snipers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1151</td>
<td>Corporal</td>
<td>Moore, R. I.</td>
<td>3rd Australian Infantry Battalion (New South Wales)</td>
<td>On 28th April, 1915, during operations south of Krithia, for marked personal gallantry and leadership. He brought his section up over a fire-swept zone at a very critical moment, thereby holding up the left flank of the enemy in their violent attack.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8397</td>
<td>Lance-Corporal</td>
<td>Morrissey, W.</td>
<td>1st Battalion, The Border Regiment</td>
<td>On 28th April, 1915, during operations south of Krithia, for gallant conduct in leading his Company to successive fire positions, and again for conspicuous bravery and good service in attacking over difficult country.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9887</td>
<td>Corporal</td>
<td>Mott, E.</td>
<td>1st Battalion, The Border Regiment</td>
<td>On 28th April, 1915, during operations south of Krithia, for marked personal gallantry and leadership. He brought his section up over a fire-swept zone at a very critical moment, thereby holding up the left flank of the enemy in their violent attack.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4332</td>
<td>Lance-Corporal</td>
<td>O’Neill, D.</td>
<td>1st Battalion, The Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers</td>
<td>On the night of 25th-26th April, 1915, during landing operations at Cape Helles, for gallantry in carrying ammunition to the firing line under heavy fire, and for exceptionally good work in collecting and organizing a large body of scattered men and leading them to a further attack.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16052</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Palmer, F.</td>
<td>2nd Battalion, The Royal Fusiliers (City of London Regiment)</td>
<td>On 28th April, 1915, during operations at Cape Helles, for gallantry and marked ability in collecting three men whose section leaders had been killed, and leading them in the attack.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Distinguished Conduct Medals—continued.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Regimental No.</th>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Corps</th>
<th>Action for which commended.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>530</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Hobey, G.</td>
<td>9th Australian Infantry Battalion</td>
<td>On 28th April, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for conspicuous gallantry in swimming to a boat and bringing back into safety a wounded comrade who was the only occupant. This was done under heavy fire.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1088</td>
<td>Corporal</td>
<td>Holson, E.</td>
<td>4th Australian Infantry Battalion</td>
<td>On 1st May, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for distinguished conduct in the command of a platoon, guiding and controlling the men after the Officer Commanding the platoon had been wounded. Although in an exposed position he personally carried up ammunition and freely exposed himself.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4/208A</td>
<td>Corporal</td>
<td>Salmon, C. W.</td>
<td>New Zealand Engineers</td>
<td>On 2nd May, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, and again on 5th May, for conspicuous bravery in defending exposed portions of the position.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4/60A</td>
<td>Corporal</td>
<td>Saunders, C. W.</td>
<td>New Zealand Engineers</td>
<td>On 27th April, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for gallantly leading part of his section to occupy a trench which had been vacated, and for exceptional zeal and intelligence in sapping operations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1904</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Schofield, H.</td>
<td>1st Battalion, The Lancashire Fusiliers</td>
<td>On 28th April, 1915, during operations near Krithia, for conspicuous courage in exposing himself frequently under a galling fire to locate the enemy's trenches, and encouraging the men; and again for voluntarily returning across fire-swept ground to bring up reinforcements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/35</td>
<td>Lance-Corporal</td>
<td>Singleton, W.</td>
<td>New Zealand Field Ambulance</td>
<td>From 25th April until 5th May, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for exceptionally gallant work and devotion to duty under heavy fire.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/447</td>
<td>Lance-Corporal</td>
<td>Steedman, G.</td>
<td>New Zealand Medical Corps</td>
<td>On 27th April, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for gallantly rescuing a wounded man under fire, and again on 26th April, for attending on two wounded men under heavy fire.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>Staff Sergeant-Major</td>
<td>Steele, A.</td>
<td>9th Australian Infantry Battalion</td>
<td>From 29th to 29th April, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for distinguished conduct in manning and maintaining his machine gun which he continued to work after the remainder of his section had been killed or wounded.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6/1156</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Stockdill, T.</td>
<td>Stretcher Bearer, Canterbury Battalion, New Zealand Forces</td>
<td>On 26th April, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for distinguished gallantry in recovering wounded men on the open beach under heavy fire.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7086</td>
<td>Lance-Corporal</td>
<td>Stone, F. C.</td>
<td>2nd Battalion, The Hampshire Regiment</td>
<td>On 26th April, 1915, during the attack on Sedd-el-Bahr, for exceptionally gallant conduct and valuable service with the machine-gun section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/1674</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Swann, J. W.</td>
<td>Wellington Battalion, New Zealand Forces</td>
<td>On 2nd and 3rd May, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for distinguished service on three separate occasions in making valuable reconnaissances under heavy fire.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19/1012</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Tempany, G.</td>
<td>Auckland Battalion, New Zealand Forces</td>
<td>On 25th April, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for conspicuous bravery during a retirement in advancing under heavy fire into the enemy's lines, and carrying back a wounded comrade into safety.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Distinguished Conduct Medals—continued.

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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>791</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Upton, W.</td>
<td>13th Australian Infantry Battalion</td>
<td>On 25th April, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for great bravery in bringing wounded into shelter, and again on 2nd May, after being shot through the foot, in continuing to defend his trench until again wounded.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>456</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Weatherill, J. C.</td>
<td>10th Australian Infantry Battalion (South Australia)</td>
<td>On 26th April, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for exceptionally good work in scouting and in an attack resulting in the capture of two of the enemy's guns.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1476</td>
<td>Lance-Corporal</td>
<td>Wimms, J.</td>
<td>New Zealand Divisional Train</td>
<td>On 25th and 26th April, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for setting an example of gallantry and devotion to duty in distributing ammunition and water to the firing line under heavy fire.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>213</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Wright, A.</td>
<td>15th Australian Infantry Battalion (Queensland)</td>
<td>On the night of 2nd-3rd May, 1915, during operations near Kaba Tepe, for repeated instances of gallantry when acting as a scout and guide to his unit.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

War Office, 3rd July, 1915.

REGULAR FORCES.

Command and Staff.
The undermentioned appointments are made:

Personal Staff.
Aide-de-Camp—
Lieutenant Nigel Graham, 3rd Battalion, The Black Watch (Royal Highlanders), and to be seconded. Dated 1st June, 1915.

General Staff.
General Staff Officers—

Attached to Headquarter Units.
Royal Artillery.

Staff Captain—Temporary Captain W. Marr, 21st (Service) Battalion (2nd Tyneside Scottish), The Northumberland Fusiliers, and to be transferred to the General List. Dated 13th May, 1915.

Commandant on the Lines of Communication.
(Graded for purposes of pay as a Brigadier-General.)

Headquarters for Embarkation Duties.
Assistant Embarkation Staff Officer—(Graded for purposes of pay as a Staff Lieutenant, 1st Class.)
Gerald Cornock Taylor, and to be temporary Lieutenant. Dated 18th June, 1915.

The undermentioned temporary appointment is made at the War Office:

Staff Captain—
(Without pay or allowances.)
Frederick Owen Stanford, and to be temporary Lieutenant. Dated 26th April, 1915.

Establishments.
Royal Flying Corps.
Military Wing.
The undermentioned appointments are made:

Flying Officers—Dated 18th June, 1915.
Second Lieutenant J. Gay, Special Reserve.
Second Lieutenant C. J. Chabot, Special Reserve.
SCHOOL OF INSTRUCTION FOR ROYAL HORSE AND ROYAL FIELD ARTILLERY.

Lieutenant-Colonel The Honourable W. D. Scater-Booth, D.S.O., to be Chief Instructor in Gunnery, vice Lieutenant-Colonel S. F. Metcalfe, D.S.O. Dated 18th May, 1915.

CAVALRY.

2nd Life Guards (Reserve Regiment), Temporary Second Lieutenant Alan Percy Graves, from 10th (Service) Battalion, The Rifle Brigade (The Prince Consort's Own), to be temporary Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

RESERVE REGIMENTS.

Lawrence Lauder Carter to be temporary Second Lieutenant. Dated 10th June, 1915.

REMTOUNT SERVICE.

Temporary Captain L. C. Croslegh, from an Assistant Superintendent, to be a Superintendent in succession to temporary Major H. Hawkins, and to be temporary Major whilst so employed. Dated 29th June, 1915.

ROYAL REGIMENT OF ARTILLERY.

Captain William Corry Heward Bell, Reserve of Officers, to be temporary Major. Dated 4th July, 1915.

The appointment of Leonard Edwards to a temporary Second Lieutenancy, notified in the Gazette of 2nd June, 1915, is antedated to the 13th April, 1915.

CORPS OF ROYAL ENGINEERS.

Frank Ernest William Risch to be temporary Captain. Dated 30th April, 1915.

The undermentioned to be temporary Lieutenants: —


ARMY VETERINARY SERVICE.

Army Veterinary Corps.

Thomas George Heatley to be temporary Lieutenant. Dated 21st June, 1915.

ARMY ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

The undermentioned to be temporary Lieutenants:

Hugh John Owen. Dated 14th June, 1915.


INFANTRY.

Service Battalions.


The Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment).

13th Battalion — Temporary Captain Bethune D. Bruce, from 15th Battalion (1st Edinburgh), to be temporary Captain. Dated 11th June, 1915.

The Northumberland Fusiliers.

27th Battalion (4th Tyneside Irish) —

Temporary Lieutenant George S. Cosby, from 8th Battalion (Pioneers), The Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry, to be temporary Lieutenant. Dated 14th June, 1915.

The King's (Liverpool Regiment).

19th Battalion (3rd City) —

The undermentioned to be temporary Second Lieutenants: —


20th Battalion (4th City) —

The undermentioned temporary Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants: —

Dated 15th June, 1915.

Alexander B. Grant.

Gilbert H. Bradshaw.

Robert D. Paterson.

Reginald E. Mally.

The Royal Welsh Fusiliers.

11th Battalion (2nd North Wales) —


18th Battalion (2nd London Welsh) —

Tom Llewelyn Williams to be temporary Second Lieutenant. Dated 28th May, 1915.

The South Wales Borderers.

10th Battalion (1st Guern) —

Harry Cottam to be temporary Second Lieutenant. Dated 1st May, 1915.
12th Battalion (3rd Gwent)—
Temporary Lieutenant Charles D. Phillips to be temporary Captain. Dated 8th June, 1915.

The Gloucestershire Regiment.
12th Battalion (Bristol)—
The undermentioned temporary Lieutenants to be temporary Captains:
- Thomas Balston. Dated 22nd June, 1915.

The undermentioned temporary Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants:

The East Lancashire Regiment.
11th Battalion (Accrington)—
The undermentioned temporary Lieutenants to be temporary Captains:

The undermentioned temporary Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants:

The Prince of Wales's Volunteers (South Lancashire Regiment).
11th Battalion (St. Helen's)—
The undermentioned to be temporary Second Lieutenants:
- Ralph G. Du V. Haworth. Dated 5th June, 1915.

The Welsh Regiment.
18th Battalion (2nd Glamorgan)—

19th Battalion (Glamorgan, Pioneers)—
Robert Bruce Harkness to be temporary Second Lieutenant. Dated 9th June, 1915.

The King's Royal Rifle Corps.
17th Battalion (B.E.L.)—
The undermentioned to be temporary Second Lieutenants:
- Dated 14th June, 1915.
- Temporary Second Lieutenant Robert A. Williams, from 11th Battalion, The Royal Warwickshire Regiment.
- Ronald Leslie Brown.
- Vivian Gordon North.

The Manchester Regiment.
16th Battalion (1st City)—
The undermentioned temporary Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants:

The Manchester Regiment.
18th Battalion (3rd City)—
The undermentioned temporary Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants:

24th Battalion (Oldham)—
The undermentioned temporary Lieutenants to be temporary Captains:

The undermentioned temporary Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants:

The York and Lancaster Regiment.
6th Battalion—
Temporary Major Ernest A. Richards, from 11th (Reserve) Battalion, to be temporary Captain, having reverted to that rank at his own request. Dated 22nd June, 1915, but with seniority in the Army and in the Battalion from 4th December, 1914.

12th Battalion (Sheffield)—
Douglas Alfred Laurie Derry to be temporary Second Lieutenant. Dated 21st June, 1915.

The Royal Irish Rifles.
6th Battalion—

Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders).
11th Battalion—
Temporary Second Lieutenant Christopher B. Sherriff relinquishes his commission on account of ill-health. Dated 4th July, 1915.
Second Reserve.
The Royal Sussex Regiment.
10th Battalion—

MEMORANDA.

The undermentioned to be temporary Captains:—
Francis James Coleridge Boles, late Captain, 4th Battalion, The Devonshire Regiment. Dated 26th May, 1915.

The appointment of E. Keeling to a temporary Lieutenancy, notified in the Gazette of 5th June, 1915, is antedated to 7th April, 1915.

The order of precedence of the undermentioned temporary Lieutenants is as now shown, and not as stated in the Gazette of 15th May, 1915:—
J. Wise.
A. Goff.

The notification regarding Harold Woods, which appeared in the Gazette of 5th June, 1915, is cancelled.

Harold Woods to be temporary Lieutenant. Dated 8th April, 1915.

The undermentioned Second Lieutenants of the Unattached List for the Indian Army to retain the temporary rank of Lieutenant on attachment to Regiments as stated:—
The Northamptonshire Regiment.
A. H. H. Rice.
H. J. Hamilton.
The Loyal North Lancashire Regiment.
G. F. Bunbury.

G. M. Hamilton to be temporary Second Lieutenant. Dated 20th June, 1915. (Substituted for the notification which appeared in the Gazette of 19th June, 1915.)

SPECIAL RESERVE OF OFFICERS.
Reserve Units.
INFANTRY.
3rd Battalion, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, The undermentioned Second Lieutenants (on probation) are confirmed in their rank, and to be Lieutenants:—
Dated 10th June, 1915.
Edward J. Greaves.
William H. F. Rees.

SUPPLEMENTARY TO REGULAR UNITS OR CORPS. FOOT GUARDS.

TERRITORIAL FORCE.

BEDFORDSHIRE; Squadron Serjeant-Major Ernest Alfred Golobed to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

DERBYSHIRE.
Regimental Serjeant-Major George Hunter Drury to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 8th June, 1915.
Second Lieutenant George H. Drury to be temporary Lieutenant. Dated 8th June, 1915.
James Douglas Groves to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 16th June, 1915.
Second Lieutenant James D. Groves to be temporary Lieutenant. Dated 16th June, 1915.

DORSET (Queen's Own); Private Eric Alexander Beachcroft, from the Essex Yeomanry, to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

ESSEX.
Lionel Mostyn Woodhouse (late Cadet, Eton College Contingent, Junior Division, Officers Training Corps) to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 1st July, 1915.
Harry Pearl Cross to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 1st July, 1915.

FIFE AND FORFAR; Quartermaster and Honorary Captain Henry Simonds resigns his commission on account of ill-health, and is granted permission to retain his rank and to wear the prescribed uniform. Dated 4th July, 1915.

1ST COUNTY OF LONDON (MIDDLESEX, DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE'S HUSSARS); Alfred Colin Taylor to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 19th June, 1915.

3RD COUNTY OF LONDON (SHARPEHOOTERS); Second Lieutenant Lauritz H. Hansen, from the 2nd County of London Yeomanry, to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

NORFOLK (THE KING'S OWN ROYAL REGIMENT); Serjeant-Major George Hudgell to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th June, 1915.

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE (SOUTH NOTTS HUSSARS).
Lieutenant Francis J. W. Colley to be temporary Captain. Dated 2nd June, 1915.
Gordon Lewis Grey (late Lieutenant 3rd Battalion, Alexandra, Princess of Wales's Own (Yorkshire Regiment)) to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 17th June, 1915.

Pembroke (Castlemartin); George Matthew Rumble to be Quartermaster, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 21st May, 1915.
SUPPLEMENT TO THE LONDON GAZETTE, 3 JULY, 1915. 6551

Shropshire; Second Lieutenant John I. Benson to be Adjutant, vice Captain William L. C. Kirby, 12th (Prince of Wales's Royal) Lancers. Dated 8th June, 1915.

North Somerset; Second Lieutenant Hugh M. Rowland to be temporary Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.


Cyclist Companies, Divisional Mounted Troops.

Highland; Gunner John Reid Proket, from the 2nd Highland Brigade, Royal Field Artillery, to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.


Royal Horse Artillery.


Royal Field Artillery.

2nd Home Counties Brigade; Arthur Gordon Taylor to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 13th June, 1915.


2nd London Brigade; William Gurney White to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 12th June, 1915.

6th London Brigade; Lieutenant Reginald A. Corsan to be temporary Captain. Dated 15th April, 1915.


1st West Riding Brigade; Second Lieutenant Douglas J. Homer, from the West Riding Divisional Ammunition Column, to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

4th Wessex Brigade; Herbert Stone Burbury to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.


Highland Divisional Ammunition Column; Lieutenant George Mundell, from 4th Highland (Mountain) Brigade, Royal Garrison Artillery, to be Captain (temporary). Dated 21st June, 1915.

Royal Garrison Artillery.

4th Highland (Mountain) Brigade; Lieutenant George Mundell to be Adjutant. Dated 21st February, 1915.

Devonshire; Cadet Serjeant Charles Beechey Spencer, from Kelly College Contingent, Junior Division, Officers Training Corps, to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.
ROYAL ENGINEERS.

1st Field Company, East Anglian Divisional Engineers; Second Lieutenant Hugh Russell to be temporary Lieutenant. Dated 21st June, 1915.

2nd Field Company, Highland Divisional Engineers; Captain Charles James Mackie, from Territorial Force Reserve, General List, to be Captain (temporary). Dated 1st June, 1915.

2nd London Divisional Engineers.

3rd Field Company; Cadet Cecil Graham Shaw, from the University of London Contingent, Senior Division, Officers Training Corps, to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

4th Field Company; Cadet Sergeant Horace Vivian Shove, from the University of London Contingent, Senior Division, Officers Training Corps, to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.


North Midland Divisional Engineers; Lawrence Robinson to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 19th June, 1915.

2nd Field Company, South Midland Divisional Engineers; Captain Oswald R. Langley to be temporary Major. Dated 29th May, 1915.

West Riding Divisional Engineers.

1st Field Company; Company Quartermaster-Sergeant John Howarth to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

2nd Field Company; Company Quartermaster-Sergeant Ewart Gray Hutson to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

Welsh Field Company, Welsh Divisional Engineers; Guy Stuart Davies to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 31st May, 1915.

No. 1 Company, Durham (Fortress) Engineers; Cadet William Armstrong Webster, from the Durham University Contingent, Senior Division, Officers Training Corps, to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

No. 5 Electric Lights Company, Kent (Fortress) Engineers; John Chipperfield de Wardt to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 16th June, 1915.

No. 2 Electric Lights Company, Lancashire (Fortress) Engineers; Sapper Lawrence Joseph Marr to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

Electric Lights Company, East Riding (Fortress) Engineers; Francis Taylor to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 18th June, 1915.

Wiltshire (Fortress) Engineers; Sapper Montagu Jones to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 18th June, 1915.

Tyne Electrical Engineers; William Alfred Souter (late Lieutenant, 1st Newcastle Royal Garrison Artillery (Volunteers)) to be Quartermaster, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 10th June, 1915.

INFANTRY.

5th (The Weald of Kent) Battalion, The Buffs (East Kent Regiment); the appointment as Captain of Augustus S. Emelie bears date 15th February, 1915, and not as previously stated.

4th Battalion, The King's Own (Royal Lancaster Regiment); Private Fred Roberts, from 4th Home Counties (Howitzer) Brigade, Royal Field Artillery, to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

4th Battalion, The Northumberland Fusiliers; the undermentioned Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants. Dated 8th June, 1915:

- Edward Anderson.
- Stewart D. Marjoribanks.
- James M. J. Spencer.
- James M. Robb.
- Herbert B. Kent.
- Walter E. C. James.
- Charles N. Baty.

5th Battalion, The Northumberland Fusiliers; Second Lieutenant Frank A. Johnson to be temporary Lieutenant. Dated 29th May, 1915.


Henry Lawrence Daglish to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 12th June, 1915.

6th Battalion, The Northumberland Fusiliers; Captain William H. Sowerby to be temporary Major, and to vacate his appointment as Adjutant. Dated 11th June, 1915.

5th Battalion, Royal Warwickshire Regiment; Frank Fielding to be Quartermaster, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

6th (Rifle) Battalion, The King's (Liverpool Regiment); Ambrose Hutchinson to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 7th June, 1915.

5th Battalion, The Suffolk Regiment; Lionel Helm Rodwell (late Lieutenant, 5th Battalion, The Suffolk Regiment) to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 29th May, 1915.

No. 1 Company, Durham (Fortress) Engineers; Cadet William Armstrong Webster, from the Durham University Contingent, Senior Division, Officers Training Corps, to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

No. 2 Electric Lights Company, Lancashire (Fortress) Engineers; Sapper Lawrence Joseph Marr to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

Electric Lights Company, East Riding (Fortress) Engineers; Francis Taylor to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 18th June, 1915.

Wiltshire (Fortress) Engineers; Sapper Montagu Jones to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 18th June, 1915.

INFANTRY.

5th (The Weald of Kent) Battalion, The Buffs (East Kent Regiment); the appointment as Captain of Augustus S. Emelie bears date 15th February, 1915, and not as previously stated.

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- Walter E. C. James.
- Charles N. Baty.

5th Battalion, The Northumberland Fusiliers; Second Lieutenant Frank A. Johnson to be temporary Lieutenant. Dated 29th May, 1915.


Henry Lawrence Daglish to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 12th June, 1915.

6th Battalion, The Northumberland Fusiliers; Captain William H. Sowerby to be temporary Major, and to vacate his appointment as Adjutant. Dated 11th June, 1915.

5th Battalion, Royal Warwickshire Regiment; Frank Fielding to be Quartermaster, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

6th (Rifle) Battalion, The King's (Liverpool Regiment); Ambrose Hutchinson to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 7th June, 1915.

5th Battalion, The Suffolk Regiment; Lionel Helm Rodwell (late Lieutenant, 5th Battalion, The Suffolk Regiment) to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 29th May, 1915.

No. 1 Company, Durham (Fortress) Engineers; Cadet William Armstrong Webster, from the Durham University Contingent, Senior Division, Officers Training Corps, to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

No. 2 Electric Lights Company, Lancashire (Fortress) Engineers; Sapper Lawrence Joseph Marr to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

Electric Lights Company, East Riding (Fortress) Engineers; Francis Taylor to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 18th June, 1915.

Wiltshire (Fortress) Engineers; Sapper Montagu Jones to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 18th June, 1915.

Tyne Electrical Engineers; William Alfred Souter (late Lieutenant, 1st Newcastle Royal Garrison Artillery (Volunteers)) to be Quartermaster, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 10th June, 1915.

INFANTRY.

5th (The Weald of Kent) Battalion, The Buffs (East Kent Regiment); the appointment as Captain of Augustus S. Emelie bears date 15th February, 1915, and not as previously stated.

4th Battalion, The King's Own (Royal Lancaster Regiment); Private Fred Roberts, from 4th Home Counties (Howitzer) Brigade, Royal Field Artillery, to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

4th Battalion, The Northumberland Fusiliers; the undermentioned Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants. Dated 8th June, 1915:

- Edward Anderson.
- Stewart D. Marjoribanks.
- James M. J. Spencer.
- James M. Robb.
- Herbert B. Kent.
- Walter E. C. James.
- Charles N. Baty.

5th Battalion, The Northumberland Fusiliers; Second Lieutenant Frank A. Johnson to be temporary Lieutenant. Dated 29th May, 1915.


Henry Lawrence Daglish to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 12th June, 1915.

6th Battalion, The Northumberland Fusiliers; Captain William H. Sowerby to be temporary Major, and to vacate his appointment as Adjutant. Dated 11th June, 1915.

5th Battalion, Royal Warwickshire Regiment; Frank Fielding to be Quartermaster, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

6th (Rifle) Battalion, The King's (Liverpool Regiment); Ambrose Hutchinson to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 7th June, 1915.

5th (Prince of Wales's) Battalion, The Devonshire Regiment; the following announcement is substituted for that which appeared in the London Gazette of the 13th October, 1914:

Second Lieutenant John Vicary to be Lieutenant, and to remain seconded. Dated 5th August, 1914.

5th Battalion, The Suffolk Regiment; Lionel Helm Rodwell (late Lieutenant, 5th Battalion, The Suffolk Regiment) to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 29th May, 1915.

No. 1 Company, Durham (Fortress) Engineers; Cadet William Armstrong Webster, from the Durham University Contingent, Senior Division, Officers Training Corps, to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

No. 2 Electric Lights Company, Lancashire (Fortress) Engineers; Sapper Lawrence Joseph Marr to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

Electric Lights Company, East Riding (Fortress) Engineers; Francis Taylor to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 18th June, 1915.

Wiltshire (Fortress) Engineers; Sapper Montagu Jones to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 18th June, 1915.
SUPPLEMENT TO THE LONDON GAZETTE, 3 JULY, 1915. 6553

4th Battalion, Alexandra, Princess of Wales's Own (Yorkshire Regiment).

Lieutenant Reginald E. Cornwall, from the 13th (Service) Battalion, The Gloucestershire Regiment (Forest of Dean Pioneers), to be Lieutenant (temporary). Dated 4th July, 1915.


6th (Carmarvon and Anglesey) Battalion, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers; Lieutenant John Jacob Knight, from the Territorial Force Reserve, General List, to be Lieutenant (temporary). Dated 4th July, 1915.

7th Battalion, The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles).

The undermentioned to be Second Lieutenants:


Frederick Thomas Monk. Dated 14th June, 1915.

William Birrell Russell (late Cadet, Glasgow University Contingent, Senior Division, Officers Training Corps). Dated 21st June, 1915.

Matthew Lindsay. Dated 21st June, 1915.

Second Lieutenant William Neilson to be temporary Lieutenant. Dated 7th June, 1915.

7th Battalion, The Worcestershire Regiment.

Lieutenant Tom C. F. Harris to be temporary Captain. Dated 27th May, 1915.


4th Battalion, The East Lancashire Regiment.

Godfrey Jackson to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 19th May, 1915.


5th Battalion, The East Lancashire Regiment; Samuel Davenport Cooke to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 1st July, 1915.


4th Battalion, The Royal Sussex Regiment; the undermentioned Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants. Dated 4th July, 1915:

Victor Richardson.
John M. Borrer.
Cyril H. James.
William S. K. Russell.
Kenneth M. Catley.


4th Battalion, The Hampshire Regiment; Henry Buckingham to be Quartermaster, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 4th October, 1914.


5th Battalion, The South Staffordshire Regiment; the seconding of Lieutenant-Colonel Archer P. Crawley to be whilst doing duty with an Infantry Base Depot, and not as stated in the London Gazette of 22nd March, 1915.

5th Battalion, The South Staffordshire Regiment; Captain Cyril O. Langley is seconded as Brigade Major attached to Headquarters Units. Dated 17th April, 1915.

4th Battalion, The Prince of Wales's Volunteers (South Lancashire Regiment); the undermentioned to be Second Lieutenants:


George Crompton Owen. Dated 27th May, 1915.

Cadet James Crawford, from Manchester University Contingent, Senior Division, Officers Training Corps. Dated 1st June, 1915.

5th Battalion, The Prince of Wales's Volunteers (South Lancashire Regiment); the undermentioned Lieutenants to be temporary Captains:


The undermentioned Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants:


4th Battalion, The Welsh Regiment; Captain Arthur L. Bowen to be temporary Major. Dated 17th April, 1915.


6th Battalion, The Welsh Regiment; Lieutenant Gerald W. Richards to be temporary Captain. Dated 1st May, 1915.

6th Battalion, The Black Watch (Royal Highlanders); the undermentioned Lieutenants to be temporary Captains. Dated 10th June, 1915:

John M. Guthrie.
Roger M. Moncrieff.
David Mackenzie.

The undermentioned Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants. Dated 10th June, 1915:—
Charles G. Kennaway.
Patrick C. Hunter.
Arthur J. G. Thomas.

4th Battalion, The Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry.
Lieutenant Bertram Long to be temporary Captain. Dated 15th May, 1915.
The appointment of Second Lieutenant Jack C. Spencer is cancelled.

Buckinghamshire Battalion, The Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry; Private Greville Northey Irby, from the Inns of Court Officers Training Corps, to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 19th June, 1915.

5th Battalion, The Essex Regiment; the undermentioned to be Second Lieutenants. Dated 4th July, 1915:—
Reginald Pertwee Matthews.
Thomas James Barnes.


8th Battalion, The Sherwood Foresters (Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment); the seconding of the undermentioned Officers to be whilst doing duty with an Infantry Base Depot, and not as stated in the London Gazette of 22nd March, 1915:—
Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Huskinson.
Captain Gerald Clarke.

The undermentioned to be Second Lieutenants. Dated 4th July, 1915:—
Cadet Reginald Arthur Abrams, from the Oxford University Contingent, Senior Division, Officers Training Corps.
Frank Douglas Gardner (late Cadet Sergeant, Trent College Contingent, Junior Division, Officers Training Corps).

4th Battalion, Princess Charlotte of Wales's (Royal Berkshire Regiment); George Tarik Wakeford to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

4th Battalion, The Queen's Own (Royal West Kent Regiment); Richard Adolphus Edgar Sherley to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

4th Battalion, The King's Own (Yorkshire Light Infantry); Captain and Honorary Major Henry S. Goodyear (late 1st Volunteer Battalion, King's Own (Yorkshire Light Infantry)) to be Major (temporary). Dated 4th July, 1915.

5th Battalion, The King's Own (Yorkshire Light Infantry); Harry Pindar Jeffries to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 20th June, 1915.

5th Battalion, The Manchester Regiment; Albert Latham Makinson to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 26th May, 1915.

7th Battalion, The Manchester Regiment.

8th (Ardwick) Battalion, The Manchester Regiment; the undermentioned to be Second Lieutenants:—
Harold Abbott. Dated 12th April, 1915.

Cadet James Royle Woods, from Manchester University Contingent, Senior Division, Officers Training Corps. Dated 4th July, 1915.

Quarter-master-Sergeant William Tarpey to be Quartermaster, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

6th Battalion, The Prince of Wales's (North Staffordshire Regiment); the seconding of Captain Frank M. Norman to be whilst doing duty as Adjutant of an Infantry Base Depot, and not as stated in the London Gazette of 22nd March, 1915.

4th (Halifaxshire) Battalion, The York and Lancaster Regiment.

8th (Lanark) Battalion, The Highland Light Infantry; Captain William Tennant to be Adjutant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

5th (The Sutherland and Caithness Highland) Battalion, Seaforth Highlanders (Ross-shire Buffs, The Duke of Albany's); Alexander George MacDonald to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.


4th Battalion, The Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders; Sergeant-Major Alexander Whitton to be Quartermaster, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 9th May, 1915.

7th Battalion, Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders); James Shaw to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 9th June, 1915.

8th (Argyllshire) Battalion, Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders);
James Clement (late Cadet Serjeant, Glasgow Academy Contingent, Junior Division, Officers Training Corps) to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 26th June, 1915.

1st Battalion, The Monmouthshire Regiment; the undermentioned to be Second Lieutenants:—


3rd Battalion, The Monmouthshire Regiment.

Captain Salwey Browne is seconded. Dated 26th June, 1915.


Basil Godfrey Quin to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.

2nd (City of London) Battalion, The London Regiment (Royal Fusiliers); Private John George William Wright, from the 9th (County of London) Battalion, The London Regiment (Queen Victoria’s Rifles), to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th July, 1915.


10th (County of London) Battalion, The London Regiment (Hackney); the appointment of Second Lieutenant Frederick A. Gurney is cancelled.

16th (County of London) Battalion, The London Regiment (Queen’s Westminster Rifles); the undermentioned Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants. Dated 11th June, 1915:—

P. B. M. Allan.

I. de H. Brodie.

William Mackinnon.

18th (County of London) Battalion, The London Regiment (St. Pancras); the undermentioned Lieutenants to be temporary Captains. Dated 11th June, 1915:—

Reginald W. F. Harding.

Herbert S. Lane.

6th Battalion, The London Regiment (St. Pancras); the undermentioned Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants. Dated 31st May, 1915:—

Samuel C. Haskins, and is seconded for duty as Brigade Machine-gun Officer.

Jacob de Meza, and to remain seconded.

Ernest E. Hanewinkel.

Joseph L. Frank.

James H. Whitby.

The undermentioned Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants. Dated 15th June, 1915:—

Kenneth S. Hore.

Adrian Waterlow.

Leсли A. Pollak.

Geoffrey B. Cartwright.

Stephen Ion Pace to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 15th June, 1915.

20th (County of London) Battalion, The London Regiment (Blackheath and Woolwich).

The seconding of Captain William F. Marchant to be whilst doing duty with an Infantry Base Depot, and not as stated in the London Gazette of 22nd March, 1915.

Captain Cyril R. Hefford to be Adjutant. Dated 21st April, 1915.

The undermentioned Lieutenants to be temporary Captains:—

Fred Thorne. Dated 26th June, 1915.

The undermentioned Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants:—


The Highland Cyclist Battalion; Captain Arthur M. Guild is seconded for service with the Army Cyclist Corps. Dated 13th January, 1915.

ROYAL ARMY MEDICAL CORPS.

1st Northern General Hospital; the date of appointment of Lieutenant William Scott, M.B., is 14th April, and not as stated in the London Gazette of 1st June, 1915.

West Riding Casualty Clearing Station; the date of appointment of Lieutenant Arthur S. Hubblethwaite, M.B., is 31st December, 1914, and not as stated in the London Gazette of the 18th January, 1915.

TERRITORIAL FORCE RESERVE.

Royal Field Artillery.

Lieutenant-Colonel Alfred W. Ryland, from the 2nd West Lancashire Brigade, Royal Field Artillery, to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 7th June, 1915.

General List.

The surname of Lieutenant-Colonel James Clinton Hollway is as now shown, and not as announced in the London Gazette of 22nd June, 1915.

Captain Robert B. Harrison resigns his commission. Dated 4th July, 1915.


